CARSON'S ANTI-CORROSION PAINT
for Outdoor use. Stands extremes of HEAT and COLD.
CARSON'S CHEMICAL CONTINENTAL WHITE ZINC PAINT
Superior to any other for body and covering power.
CARSON'S LIQUID PAINTS
(Non-poisonous). Specially prepared; quality unequalled
CARSON'S VARNISHES & COLOURS
Own manufacture.
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Special attention paid to Filling and Packing.
LISTS, containing Prices, Patterns, and full particulars, by Return Mail, FREE.
WALTER CARSON & SONS,
HOVE WORKS, BATTERSEA, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,564—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1895.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.
PRICE 8 ANNAS.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The best and most Complete Guide of its kind published in India.
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
R.M.L. SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	21st Dec.
R.M.L. PENINSULAR	5307	R. F. Briscoe	28th "
			1896.
† THAMES	4113	A. Symons	4th Jan.
R.M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	11th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	18th "
R.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	25th "
R.M.L. CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	1st Feb.
R.M.L. THAMES	4113	A. Symons	8th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	15th "
R.M.L. CARTHAGE	5280	M. De Horne	22nd "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	29th "
R.M.L. SHANNON	4199	E. Crewe	7th March
R.M.L. GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	14th "
R. M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	21st "
SUTLEJ	4201	W. J. Nantes	28th "
R.M.L. PENINSULAR	5307	R. F. Briscoe	4th April.
† CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	11th "
R.M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	18th "
R.M.L. SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	25th "
R.M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	2nd May.

The Steamers marked R.L. proceed to BRINDISI, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.
The Steamers marked R.V.L. proceed direct to VENICE, taking Passengers for BRINDISI and LONDON, those for the latter port transhipp to the mail Steamer at Aden, and Passengers for BRINDISI can either do the same or remain on board the through Venice Steamer.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The Steamers marked R.M.L. proceed to BRINDISI MARSEILLES and LONDON.
The "Caledonia" (marked R.M) proceeds to BRINDISI and MARSEILLES. No Passengers for London will be booked for this conveyance.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A. M. on day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at NOON on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only Hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo. Cargo steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.
For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 14th November, 1895.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE AND PORT SAID.

S.S. BOSCHANA
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 31st October 1895.

COMPAGNIE DES

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES,
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.
M.S.S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay [illegible] January, 1896, at 3 P.M., FOR KURRACHEE [illegible] with the Admiralty Steamer [illegible] Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to [illegible] TO MARSEILLES for Paris, viâ [illegible] and beyond at greatly REDUCED RATES. [illegible] are issued including Railway Fares [illegible] to London.
[illegible] intended to be despatched as soon as the day [illegible]
For further particulars apply to
E. DE SAILLOU, Agent.
[illegible] Bank Buildings, 7, Hornby Road.

HOLLIDAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.
HOLLIDAY & CO., CALCUTTA.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
PASSENGERS BOOKED AT THROUGH RATES
FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
[illegible] with
OFFICES AT [illegible]
[illegible] supplied.
[illegible] given.
Passage Agents.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & CO., LONDON.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 21st December, at 2 p. m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, about the 21st December, at 10 a. m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 26thDecember, at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on or about the 26th December, at Noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, about the 24th December, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S.S. "SCINDIA," 2,650 tons, about the 31st December, calling at such Ports as may be arranged.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, about the 4th January.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 19th December, 1895.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of commission.
Latest LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and all information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for Continuation Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO., CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA.
Calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.

S.S. [illegible] QUINO ..... 9th Jan. 1896.
S. RAPHAINE ..... 6th Feb. 1896.
Rates to Naples, Genoa, Brindisi or Venice:—

	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS:—
Available safely within three Months, Rs. 750; six Months, Rs. 825; and twelve Months, Rs. 950.
Passengers have the Option of going viâ Venice and Returning viâ Brindisi, vice versâ, and can Break their Journey at Port Said by Subsequent Steamers of Bombay Weekly Local Lines.
Through Tickets to London on Application.
BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the [illegible]
For Freight, Passage, &c., Apply to
E. C. BARBORO,
Agent.
Rampart Row, Rhinstone Circle, Bombay, Oct. 17, 1895.

THE FLOWERS THAT BLOOM IN THE SPRING"
Possess no sweeter fragrance than
KEMP'S FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR.
A charming preparation for cleansing the
TEETH, GUMS & TEETH
Perfuming
THE BREATH.
Found indispensable if once used.
Purer, Fresher, and Purer
than imported Articles.
Re. 1 and Rs. 2-4 per Bottle.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.
The family of Dr. Gloël for one attending the Royal College (Gymnasium) in healthy situation surrounded by Private Park. Terms 5 per year.
Application to
Dr. GLOEL,
Landhaus Birkenfeld,
Wesel-am-Rhein,
Germany.

R. SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.
(ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.)
HORSES, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Harness Selected for local and Up-country consignment on the most approved principles under
Single (Rs. 15) and double Harness (Rs. 30). Saw Waiers Charged extra. Horses for Sale, or for treatment—

	Rs. a.
Syce, per mensem	35 0
Horses Bought or Sold	17 0
Certificate	10 0
Soundness	5 0

Cheapest in the market, per cwt. Rs. 4-12-0.
Crushed Oats, Bran, etc., supplied.
Petitions, Memorials, Business Cards, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., Neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. For large contracts, Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Press.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
SPORTING AND GYMKHANA KIT
FOR THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
GUNS AND RIFLES.
AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
"Field" loaded Cartridges, Eley's brown, 12 to 20 per 100	10 0	11 4
Do. do. with Schultze's powder	11 0	12 4

FIELD AND CAMP KIT.
ALCOCK'S FISHING TACKLE.
CHINA AND GLASS.
ENAMELLED IRON-WARE.
BINOCULARS AND TELESCOPES.
PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.
OUTDOOR GAMES.
POLO. CRICKET. FOOTBALL GOLF.
GOODS ONLY OF THE BEST QUALITY FROM THE BEST MAKERS.
The Company's New Catalogue on Application.
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'XMAS & NEW YEAR PRESENTS.
1895-96.
A CHOICE SELECTION OF NEW GOODS.
LADIES AND GENTS.

LADIES' FITTED BAGS.
LADIES' HAND BAGS.
LADIES' HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
LADIES' SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.
LADIES' BASKET TRUNKS.
LADIES' RUGS.
EIDER DOWN QUILTS.
GENT'S SOLID LEATHER, FITTED DRESS SUIT CASES.
GENT'S SCARFS, BOWS, &c.
MILITARY HAIR BRUSHES, SOLID LEATHER CASES.
DESPATCH BOXES.
MAUDS, RUGS, BLANKETS, &c., &c.
DRESS SUIT CASES.

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
THORPE & CO.,
GENERAL OUTFITTERS, BOMBAY.

BAHADUR CIGARS.
FRIENDS IN ENGLAND SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN
AT 'XMAS TIME.
WHAT more welcome present could be thought of than a hamper of choice CIGARS, such as the favourite
"BAHADUR"?
ORDERS NOW BOOKED FOR DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, FREE OF ALL CHARGES TO THE RECIPIENT.
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS:
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

THE ARMY
USE OUR
LIQUEFIED CARBONIC ACID GAS
AND SODA WATER MACHINES,
IN BARRACKS,
ON THE MARCH,
IN CAMP,
IN PEACE,
AND IN WAR.
THEY WERE USED IN THE CHITRAL EXPEDITION,
IN THE BLACK HILLS AND IN THE CHIN HILLS.
THE SOLDIERS SWEAR BY THEM.
THE
SIRDAR'S CARBONIC ACID INVENTIONS SYNDICATE CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.
GOOLAM HOOSEIN AMIRUDIN, Market Agency, 6, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

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AND
PRESENTATION ARTICLES.
A GRAND DISPLAY
OF
APPROPRIATE PRESENTATION ARTICLES,
IN
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY,
SILVERWARE AND ELECTROPLATE.
ON VIEW.—A large variety of "Up to date" Ornaments. All Distinctive in Design and many of them being Registered patterns, cannot be duplicated in any Establishment in India. Every article, therefore, carries for the owner or wearer the value of a Novelty. Unique and characteristic.
IMPORTANT.
On all CASH PURCHASES a DISCOUNT of 10 per cent. will be allowed.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
JEWELLERS, WATCH AND CLOCKMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GOLD AND SILVER PLATE.
HAMILTON and Co. have an unequalled Stock of Silver Plate, suitable for VOLUNTEER or ATHLETIC Prizes, SPORTING TROPHIES, &c.
HAMILTON and Co. have just put into stock A LARGE VARIETY of Silver and Electro-Plated Goods, suitable for PRESENTATION on all occasions.
OF GREAT BEAUTY OF DESIGN, EXCELLENT FINISH, AND MODERATE PRICE.
Our Well Illustrated and SPECIAL LIST of NOVELTIES sent POST FREE to all applicants.
RACING CHRONOGRAPHS IN GOLD AND SILVER.
TIMEPIECES IN SPECIAL CASES FOR AFFIXING TO DASH BOARDS.
HAMILTON & COMPANY.
(ESTABLISHED 1808.)

EVENING DRESS.

LADIES.	Rs. a. p.	GENTLEMEN.	Rs. a. p.
Evening Silks per. yd	2-8 to 4 8 0	Dress Suits	54 8 0
Evening Crepons "	2-8 & 3 4 0	Dress Shirts per doz.	32 0 0
China Silks, all tints per yd.	0 12 6	Dress Bows "	2 14 0
Tinsel Gauze "	3 8 0	Dress Ties "	4 0 0
Fibre Chamois, very new "	1 12 0	Silk Socks per pair	9 0 0
Nuns Cloths Evening shades per yd.	0-8 to 2 0 0	Spun Silk Socks "	2 12 0
Opera Cloaks	24-8 to 43 0 0	Black Cotton Socks "	1 0 0
Evening Shawls	3-8 to 12 8 0	Black Lisle Socks "	1 8 0
Evening Fans	3-8 to 11 8 0	Silk Mufflers each	4 8 0
Evening Gloves	4 14 0	Cashmere Mufflers "	2 0 0
Silk Stockings Spun	2 12 0	Patent Court Shoes	6 4 0
Satin Shoes per pair	2 12 0	White Kid Gloves	1 4 0

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO.

BOVRIL.
THE Undersigned have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS for BOVRIL, LIMITED, for all India, and are now prepared to supply the Public RETAIL, and appoint Sub-Agents in all Up-country Stations, where not already represented,
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co.,
Bombay.

COMMERCIAL & L. M. BANK, LIMITED.
THE TRADE DEMAND for the Busy Season having commenced to set in, this Branch is authorized to receive short period Deposits on Special Terms to be learnt on application to the Undersigned.
F. D. STRANACK,
Esplanade Road, Nov. 22 1895. Manager.

THIS IS TO TELL YOU
that the best and only really reliable method of
PRESERVING, RESTORING, STRENGTHENING & BEUTIFYING
THE HAIR IN THE INDIAN CLIMATE
is to adopt the regular use of
KEMP'S CELEBRATED EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE,
which should be applied each time the Hair Brush is made use of.
The Most Refreshing Hair Dressing Extant.
Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 per Bottle.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly, Rs. 6; Quarterly, Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay; in the Mofussil, postage extra.

EMINENT PROFESSIONAL MEN
TRAINED NURSES,
HEALTH OFFICERS and
MANY PERSONS IN AUTHORITY
have found occasion to
RECOMMEND
KEMP'S CHOLERA & DIARRHŒA TINCTURE.
Throughout the Presidency it is recognised as an infallible standby, unequalled, or indeed unapproached, by any other remedy. It can truly be said to have saved thousands of lives.
Re. 1-1-12, and Rs. 3-8 per Bottle.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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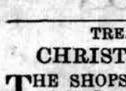
Guarantees Against Embezzlement.
INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.
THE Association provides Security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHEAN DRAMATIC CLUB
Will Produce an
OPERA BURLESQUE,
Entitled
"ELIZABETH, R."
AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE,
TO-DAY, FRIDAY, the 20TH DECEMBER,
BOOKING OFFICE .....SOUNDY & Co.
PRICES:
Stalls and Dress Circle..... Rs. 3
Back Seats and Gallery..... Rs. 1
Overture: 9 P.M.
Children's Matinee Concluding with a
GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
SATURDAY, 21ST DECEMBER.
PRICES:
Children and Servants..... Rs. 1
Adults..... Rs. 3
Overture: 4 P.M.

TREACHER & CO., LD.
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
THE SHOPS, OFFICES and GODOWNS of this Company will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, the 25th and 26th instant, but will be kept open until 7-30 p.m. on Christmas Eve.
WILLIAM CARTER,
General Manager.
18th December, 1895.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY).

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA'S Steamer "HIROSHIMA MARU," 3,275 Tons, Captain ANDERSON will SAIL on or about the 3rd prox. for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, and NAGASAKI, also engaging Cargo for CHEEFOO, JINSEN, FUSAN, GENSAN, SHANGHAI, and VLADIVOSTOCK.
She has excellent Cabin Accommodation with good Table. For Freight and Passage Money apply to
TATA & SONS,
Agents.
Victoria Buildings: Fort, Bombay, 19th December, 1895.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
THE BANK will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 24th, 25th and 26th instant, being Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."
A. MURRAY,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 18th December, 1895.

MADRAS RACES.
OWNERS are reminded that the FINAL ENTRIES for the FIRST SPRING MEETING to be held on the 14th, 16th and 18th January, 1896, CLOSE on WEDNESDAY, the 1st January, 1896.
For programme see C. T. C. Calendar of November 28th, No. 16.
J. O. HOOD,
Secretary, Madras Races.

CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR CARDS,
IN GREAT VARIETIES.
ARTISTIC, AND OF THE
LATEST DESIGN AND NOVELTIES,
FROM
5 DIFFERENT PUBLISHERS,
From Annas 2 to Rs. 8 each.
MORENAS AND COMPANY,
MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.
SEALED TENDERS for the supply of ARTICLES required for the Workshops of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, as per Schedule (Copies of which will be supplied on payment of a fee of one Rupee), for one year from 1st March, 1896, will be received by the Undersigned, on the 19th January, 1896, between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m., at his residence, on the Girgaum Back Road, Bhatwadi Lane, opposite Sir Manguldas' Bungalow.
Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500, which will be forfeited in case the party whose Tender may be accepted should refuse to execute the required agreement and fail to furnish the required security for the due fulfilment of his Contract.
The conditions of the agreement can be learnt on personal application to the Undersigned at his Residence between 7-30 and 9 A.M., on week days.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender, nor will any reason be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.
By Order,
B. LAWRENCE,
Secretary, D. S. I. and R. Institution.
Bombay, 19th December, 1895.

GEMMED RINGS.
AT present our Supply comprises the prettiest collection in the World of this form or ORNAMENT. The style of setting of a few if quite "ORIENTAL." The application of the term Oriental conveys an idea of crude workmanship to many minds; but we beg to state that our collection though suggesting crudity in an appreciable form as far as fashion is concerned is made up of the finest and most finished workmanship. Better value is not obtainable in any Establishment at Bombay, Native or European. Quality for Quality our prices will be found the lowest in Bombay. For the finest Qualities in Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphire, Turquoises, etc., etc.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.
NOVELTIES IN FURNITURE.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR XMAS PRESENTS
SALE of handsome artistic Vienna Art Furniture, very seldom imported in Bombay.
Under instructions from Messrs. S. J. Tellery and Co. Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the godown, opposite to their Sale Room in Medows Street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th inst., at 2 p.m., precisely.
A collection of handsome Artistic Vienna Art Furniture, comprising of gilt and, French-polished and ebonised drawing complete suits of sofas and chairs lined with best plush, velvet and tapestry, spring cushions, cabinets, corner and wall brackets, flower stands, bedsteads, side tables, &c.
The property is now on view.
N.B.—Gentlemen are requested to have an inspection; it is worth while to look.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, December 20, 1895.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.
SALE OF MATERIALS OF BUILDINGS.
By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell for removal by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., at No. 35, Coppersmith Street, Mazagon, the whole of the materials of the building (street) No. 65, at Coppersmith Street, Mazagon.
Also at 4-30 p.m., on the premises—For removal the materials of the temporary Municipal Chowkey at the Babula Tank.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, December 20, 1895.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.
A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C. P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BRANDIES
May be Recommended for their Purity and Genuineness.
Send for DETAILED PRICE LIST.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.
The Sale of the stock-in-trade of Messrs. Magondas and Jeramdas at No. 51, Medows Street, will be RESUMED TO-DAY, at 1 p. m., from lot No. 342, consisting of Trichinopoly, Catch, Cashmere, Katak, and Sikar work silverware.
AUCTION SALE OF PLATE GLASS.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddass and on account and at the risk of the concerned:—
2 cases polished plate glass 20 1-4 by 14.
3 " " " 20 1-4 by 17.
1 " " " 20 1-4 by 14 by 17.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of Sale.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 21st instant Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of coloured and Grey piece-goods.—
1 double-barrelled C. F. B. L. Gun in case by James Beattie.
AT 1-30 P.M.
1 grey waler mare, about 15 hands, goes in harness and saddle.
1 handsome strong-built vis-a-vis in very good order.
1 second-hand strong glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1 powerful bay Arab galloway, 5 years, about 14-1, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 country-bred chesnut pony, 5 years, going in saddle and harness.
1 handsome strong four-seated open carriage.
By order of the Executors of the late Mr. James Dickson.
1 English-built Rail cart on C spring in very good order.
1 gentlemen saddle and bridle by Dannett.
1 handsome chesnut Arab pony with saddle and bridle complete.
BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, December 20, 1895.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.
GRAND AUCTION SALE.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th, and TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 1 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 7, Church Gate Street, Fort, the valuable stock-in-trade of Messrs. GEYER and Co., consisting of oil engines, gas engines, flour mills, printing machines, pumps, fountains, grain and oat crushers, chaff cutters, patent foot copying presses, coffee mills, mincing and sausage machines, stoves, safes, sewing machines for harness and saddlery work, for tents and tarpaulins, for boot and shoe making and for family and household purposes, bicycles and tricycles, magic lanterns, piano, hand organs, mathematical instruments, musical boxes, patent nail drawers, coffee roasters, air pistols, mechanical toys, electrical goods, dynamo, arc lamps, medical batteries, electric bells, carbons, wires, &c., furniture and fittings, such as large glass cupboards, handsome plateglass, show cases, beautiful mirrors, English-made walnut writing desks, mahogany sideboard, pigeon-holes, paper cabinets, despatch boxes, bentwood chairs, cash-box, a large collection of needles, shuttles, oil-cans, screw drivers, and other parts for dining machines, lamps, bells, tools, bags, and other accessories for cycles, &c.
The property is now on view.
SALE OF VACANT LAND ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THE MUSJID BRIDGE.
Under instructions from the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 4 p.m., the following plot of vacant land, viz.:—
All that piece of vacant land, situate on the north side of the Musjid Bridge, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 134 square yards and six-ninths of a square yard or thereabout, and bounded on the east by the G. I. P. Railway Company's boundary wall, on the west by Government land, on the north by the property of Nurseydas Davidass, and on the south by the Musjid Bridge, and which said land is now in the occupation of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Traffic Manager Bombay Port Trust, Prince's and Victoria Docks, or to the undersigned.
Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on MONDAY the 23rd inst., at 3 p.m., the effects of the late F. W. MIBUTLER, Esq., consisting of glassware, crockery, best plateedware, teakwood household and camp furniture, English chest of drawers, lamps, trunks, collection of birds' eggs, saddle, wearing apparel, table and bed linen, books, hill tent, rowtee, necessary tent, two fox-terrier bitches, cases of fruit and fish knives and forks, &c.
The property is on view.
SALE OF SUPERIOR WINES.
On MONDAY next, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms:—
About 27 cases superior wines, consisting of Genetian wine white wine, Pauillie claret, Macon champagne, Cuvee de Reserve, chablis, Beaune cognac, and Cas le medoc claret.
The wines will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.
WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white, and doloured piece-goods and the following:—
1 air gun and 1 quackenbush rifle.
1 D.-B. B. L. gun by Nixon and Smith.
1 large size new leather trunk.
1 first-rate mahogany grand square pianoforte by Richard Lipp and Son, Stutgart, specially made for the climate of India.
By order of Mr. Girjasunker Vajeshunker and on account and at the risk of Dossabhoy Thackersey—
4 bales 600 pieces dhoties 4-7 yards, 30 inches, No. 201, E. D. Sassoon's Mill.
1 " 200 " " 2-5 yards, 28 inches No. 7, E. D. Sassoon's Mill.
1 " 200 " " 4-8 yards, 28 inches, No. 250, Jach Sassoon's Mill.
On account and at the risk of Morarjee Govind—
1370—M G—4055—1 case woollen shawls.
AT 2 P. M.
1 handsome light victoria.
1 serviceable double-seated brougham.
1 second-nadd strong-built landau.
1 light dog-cart.
1 Buckingham and Adams diamond-framed safety bicycle latest 1895 pneumatic tyres, practically new, in perfect order.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.
IMPORTANT NOTICE TO MILLOWNERS AND OTHERS.
AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 3145 BALES OF COTTON.
On TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Hope Mills, DeLisle Road, Chinchpoogly, by order of the Hope Mills Limited, and on account and at the risk of The Sun Mills, Limited.
About 80 bales loose cotton
" 310 " Bengal cotton.
" 125 " Khangsun cotton.
" 60 " Pachora cotton.
" 73 " Khandwa cotton.
" 316 " Julgaum cotton.
" 269 " Dhulia cotton.
" 101 " Barsee cotton.
" 1040 " Wadhwan cotton.
" 358 " Mahuwa cotton.
" 301 " Rampore cotton.
" 100 " Kadi Giu cotton.
" 50 " Morbi cotton.
" 36 " Amreli cotton.
" 27 " Akola, Ratlam and Jalna cotton.
From 10 to 15 bales loose cotton of No. 10's mixing.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the cotton will be on view on Monday between 1 and 5 p.m.
SALE OF A FIRST-RATE FULL SIZED SLATE BILLIARD TABLE BY BURROUGHS AND WATTS.
On TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Byculla Billiard Saloon, Bellasis Road, opposite Messrs. Ladha Ebrahim's shop, one first-rate full size mahogany slate billiard table with screw legs, with improved cushion and new cloth, set of pool pyramid and billiard balls, rolling pool and pyramid marking boards, long and short cues, cue-rests, kerosine hanging lamps, billiard benches, pier glasses, pictures, sideboard marble table, easy chairs, etc.
Catalogues will be published, and the table will be on view four days before the Sale.
BONA-FIDE SALE BY AUCTION OF THE SURPLUS STOCK OF FURNITURE, LIBRARY, &c.
In consequence of the removal of the Cathedral High School into the new premises, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. have been instructed to sell by Public Auction to the highest bidders, a quantity of surplus furniture and effects, comprising of cots, almyras, washing and dressing tables, a telescopic dining table, chairs, oil-paintings, glass, crockery, &c., also a valuable Dent's compensation balance gold hunting watch with gold guard and chains, silver watches, &c., a library of valuable books on science, literature biography, history, poetry and drama, standard novels, works on travels, adventures, tales, sports, &c., also in theology, medicine and military.
The sale will take place in the school premises, Hornby Road, on Friday and Saturday, the 27th and 28th inst., commencing each day at 1 p.m. sharp.
The attention of Librarians, Booksellers and lovers of Literature are particularly drawn as some of the works are rare and unobtainable.
Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises, at 4 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th proximo, by order of the mortgagee and at the expense and risk of the mortgagors Mahatej Shri Gopal Lallji Nath Bal Janmabai, widow and executrix of Tricum Nathu, deceased, under the power of sale contained in the deed of mortgage, dated the 23rd day of December, 1893.—Dated this 16th day of December, 1895.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land situate on the Bangunga Road, on the Malabar Hill or Walkeshwar, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration District of Bombay, bearing Collector of Land Revenues new number sixteen thousand eight hundred and eighty-four and new survey number B. seven thousand two hundred and sixty-one and containing by admeasurement two hundred and twenty-five square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east by the property of Khimjee Girdhur, on or towards the west by the property of the late Juggonnath Sunkersett, on or towards the north by the public road, on or towards the south by vacant land, together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house and premises built and standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under ward number three thousand and five, street number nineteen and which were formerly in the occupation of Ganesh Brahmin and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Jamnabai, widow and executrix of Tricum Nathu, deceased.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, December 20, 1895.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Book-sellers and Railway Terminus.

NOTICES.

PUBLIC MEETING.
THE PUBLIC MEETING called for the PRESENTATION of ADDRESSES to the Hon. Mr. P. M. MEHTA, C. I. E. will take place at the GAIETY THEATRE, on FRIDAY next, the 20th Inst., at 5-15 P. M., instead of on Saturday, the 21st Inst., as originally notified.
DINSHAW EDALJI WACHA.
N. G. CHANDAVARKAR.
A. M. DHARAMSI,
18th December, 1895.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN FROM BOMBAY TO LONAULI.
ON SATURDAY next, the Twenty-first instant, a SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN will LEAVE VICTORIA TERMINUS, BOMBAY, at 14-2, o'clock for LONAULI and will run to the following time, stopping only at the Stations shown below, namely:—

Victoria Terminus	H. M.		H. M.
Bombay.....Dep	14 20	Karjat.....Arl	16 16
Byculla.....Dep	14 28	Do. .....Dep	16 21
Kalyan.....Arl	15 19	Khandala.....Arl	17 30
Do. .....Dep	15 23	Do. .....Dep	17 35
Neral.....Arl	15 57	Lonauli.....Arl	17 50
Do. .....Dep	16 2		

First, Second and Third Class Passengers, and Luggage and Parcels will be booked by this Train at the Usual Rates.
E. W. KEILY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the Eighteenth of December, 1895.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
NOTICE TO INTENDING PASSENGERS.
WITH a view to enable the Railway Company to provide adequate accommodation to meet the heavy Passenger Traffic from Bombay by the Mail Trains of Saturday and Sunday, the 21st and 22nd instant, intending First and Second Class Passengers are requested to either book their seats beforehand at the Colaba, Church Gate, or Grant Road Stations, or to notify their intention to travel to the Traffic Manager, Bombay.
It may be necessary, as in previous years, to run an additional Express Train on those dates, leaving Colaba 15 minutes after the Ordinary Mail Train.
I. O'CALLAGHAN,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 5th December, 1895.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
IT is proposed to Construct a NEW GRAIN SHED, on the premises of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, at Carnac Bridge. Tenders for the masonry work in connexion with this Shed are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, in Church Gate Street, up to 1 P.M., on MONDAY, the 6th January, 1896. The Plans, &c., can be inspected at the Office of the Chief Engineer, on and after THURSDAY, the 19th December, 1895.
A deposit of Rs. 1,000 must be made with each Tender.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
H. D. OLIVIER, Major, R. E.
Agent, B. B. and C. I. Ry.
Bombay, 16th December, 1895.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.
REDUCTION IN FARES DURING CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS, FROM 11TH DECEMBER, 1895, TO 7TH JANUARY, 1896, INCLUSIVE.
RETURN TICKETS will be issued to First and Second Class Passengers for any distance above 100 miles over this Railway at a single fare for the Christmas and New Year Holidays. These Tickets will be issued on and after the 11th December, 1895, and will be available for completion of Return Journey up to and inclusive of the 7th January, 1896.
These Tickets will be accepted to secure reserved accommodation at the following scale provided that the accommodation is available and that the distance travelled over this Railway is not less than 200 miles:—

Class	Tickets required to secure a reserved compartment.
First.....	Three.
Second.....	Five.

The concession will apply in local booking and in through booking with the East Indian, Oudh and Rohilkhand, Indian Midland, and Great Indian Peninsula Railways only. Passengers for other lines will be booked to the Junction only.
The concession over the East Indian and Oudh and Rohilkhand Railways is the same as on this Railway, and return tickets will be issued to stations on those lines under the same conditions except that the limit of 100 miles will be observed on each line separately.
Return tickets will be issued in through booking with the Great Indian Peninsula and Indian Midland Railways, one and a-half fares being charged for the distance travelled over those lines. Tickets to stations on the Great Indian Peninsula and Indian Midland Railways will not be issued before the 14th December, 1895, or after the 31st idem.
By this concession the return journey fares between Howrah and Poona and Bombay (via Bengal-Nagpur Railway) will be reduced as follows:—

	Poona.		Bombay.	
	From	To	From	To
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
First Class.....	166 1	103 7	161 15	100 5
Second Class.....	83 2	51 13	81 0	50 3

The intermediate and third class fares from Howrah to Poona and Bombay (via Asansol and Nagpur) are as follows:—

	To Poona. Rs. a. p.	To Bombay. Rs. a. p.
Intermediate class (single).....	19 13 9	19 11 9
Third class ordinary do.	15 7 6	15 0 6
Third class for servants of first and second class passengers ordinary single.....	13 13 6	13 6 6

On this Railway the third-class fare between Nagpur and Asansol for servants of First and Second Class Passengers booked from or via Asansol (via Bengal-Nagpur Railway) to Bhusawal or via and vice versa has been reduced from Rs. 6-8-6 to Rs. 4-14-6.
A. E. P. GRAVES,
Traffic Manager.
Traffic Manager's Office, Dated Nagpur, 22nd Nov., 1895.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE BOMBAY CLUB.
CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
Indian and Foreign.
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
of Finest Qualities.
SMOKING TOBACCOS
of All Brands.
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,
Dry Plates, Developers, &c.,
Cameras, Hand and Stand.
BENTWOOD FURNITURE,
Best Makers and Newest Shapes.
DECK CHAIRS,
With and without Leg Rests.
TABLE LINEN,
Towels, Sheeting, &c.
(Sole Agent, Basel Mission.)
COTTAGE PIANOS.
Full Compass, Iron Bound throughout.
(Built to order for India.)
FUEL & KEROSINE OIL
COOKING STOVES.
Latest Patterns with all necessary equipment.
ENAMELLED IRON WARE,
Extra Superior Quality.
NILGIRI, KANGRA & CEYLON TEAS.
FOLDING TABLES.
GALVANIZED IRON BATHS,
Extra strong, with Swivel Handles.
COMPLETE CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.
J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE BOMBAY CLUB.

A BOON TO MEN — Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS of VITALITY, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, SEMINAL EMISSIONS, &c., are hereby informed that the celebrated MARSTON REMEDY, for the local Absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application. The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 650, High Street, LONDON.

"GAZETTE" INSURANCE COUPON.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.,
9, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.; 7, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA; & 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.
Rs. 10,000 "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Rs. 10,000
DEATH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COUPON.
APPLICABLE TO ADEN, INDIA, BURMA, AND CEYLON,
BY SEA OR RAIL.
TEN THOUSAND RUPEES will be paid by the above INSURANCE COMPANY to the legal representatives of any person killed by an accident to the Passenger Train or to the Steamer in which the deceased was travelling as an ordinary passenger; or who shall have been fatally injured thereby, should death result within one calendar month after such accident.
And the like amount will be paid should such injury not prove fatal but result in the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in both eyes or by physical separation of both hands; or of both feet or of one hand and one foot.
Five Thousand Rupees will be paid should such injury only result in the loss by physical separation of one hand; or of one foot; or the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in one eye.
Provided at the time of such accident the person so killed or permanently injured was the owner of this INSURANCE COUPON for the current issue with his or her usual signature written underneath, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber through a newsagent or through the publishers, and also that notice of claim was given within SEVEN DAYS from the date of the accident, which are conditions precedent to this Insurance.
Signature
NOTE.—This Insurance applies only to persons over 14 years of age, is limited to ONE COUPON for each holder, and is not invalidated by any insurance with this or any other Accident Company, but is in addition thereto.
It is not necessary for Subscribers, Advertisers, or Newsagents either to sign or carry the paper, as they will be held insured for the period during which their Subscription, Advertisement, or Agency subsists.

BADHAM,
PILE & CO.,
LD.,
BOMBAY.

CHARMING NOVELTIES
IN
TRIMMED MILLINERY
JET & BEADED BONNETS
UNTRIMMED STRAWS,
NEWEST SAILOR SHAPES,
TRIMMED & UNTRIMMED
FELTS.

TREZUKA
THE NEW BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.
This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of [illegible] ology, and therapeutics, is without equal [illegible] work, unhealthy climate, [illegible] haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, [illegible] and bodily prostration, nervous and [illegible] decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical [illegible] startings, dimness of sight, [illegible] enjoy its pleasures, [illegible] periods, backache, [illegible] many different phases of [illegible] despondency by which we [illegible] scientific preparation. [illegible] wasting discharges, involuntary [illegible] recently seemed worn out [illegible]
ZAROUBA
THE EXTRAORDINARY BLOOD MEDICINE.
Never before was there anything like it, nor can there [illegible] purity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. [illegible] permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the [illegible] sooner form meet with; removing all [illegible] roughness and unsightly [illegible] plexion, skin and body. [illegible] joints, syphilis, secondary [illegible] sores, goitre or Derbyshire [illegible] hacking, straining, spasmodic [illegible]
CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, otherwise you will often try to palm off inferior [illegible] as Trade Marks, registered [illegible]
COMMON-SENSE IN A NUTSHELL. [illegible] templating matrimony should [illegible] delay. Price 6l., of any of the [illegible]
Agents for India, TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,100,975
PAID-UP CAPITAL £554,907 10s
HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and [illegible] payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Circular Notes of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be obtained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits for 12 months at [illegible] per cent. Rates for Deposits for shorter [illegible] application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and [illegible] today, realising interest and dividends [illegible]
J. C. [illegible]
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
Paid up Capital..... [illegible]
Reserve Fund..... [illegible]
Reserve Liability of Proprietors [illegible]
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
T. JACKSON, Chief [illegible]
London Bankers.—LONDON [illegible] BANKING COMPANY.
LONDON COMMITTEE.
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. [illegible]
Wm. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., [illegible] and County Banking Co., Limited).
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director [illegible]
EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

LONDON.	HONGKONG.	
AMOY.	HANKOW.	
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,50,000.
Money taken on deposit for Fixed Periods, at rates to be learnt on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the other Commercial Places in [illegible] through the Bank.
Dividends Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks collected for customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, and Produce.
G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay and at 31 Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £3,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £300,000
RESERVE FUND £160,000
HEAD OFFICE:
[illegible] STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:
[illegible]
[illegible] Issued payable at any of the chief Commercial Towns of the World.
The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 3, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards, facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.
Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.
Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.
Dividends Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks collected for customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, and Produce.
C. HENRIOT,
Manager.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

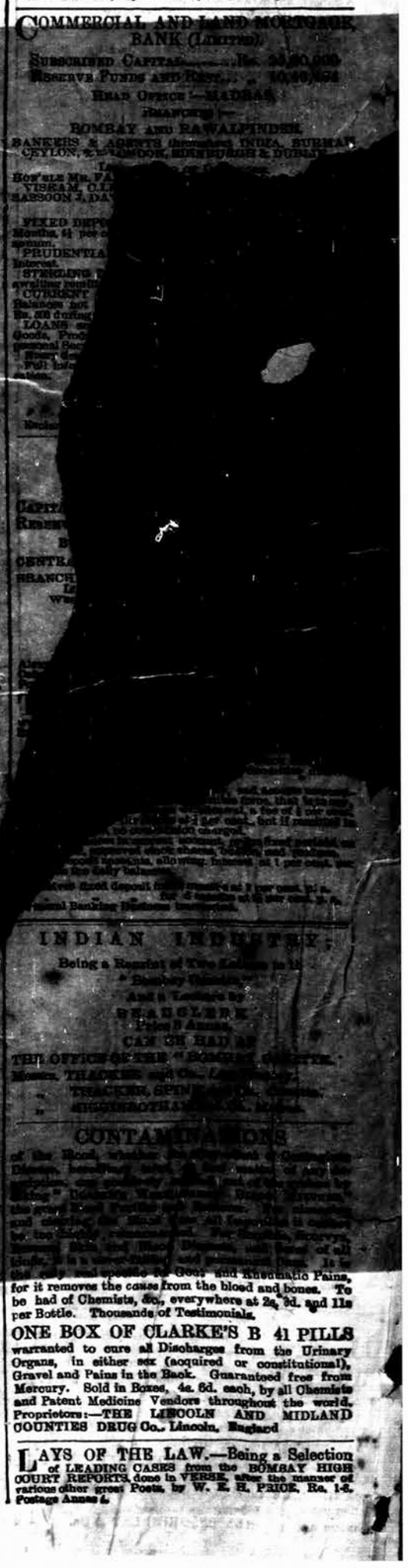
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
FOR
DAVID SMITH & Co.,
WHISKY BLENDERS, GLASGOW.
DAVID SMITH'S
*, **, ***, ****, and ***** Whiskies
TO HAND.
APPLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
19, BANK STREET, BOMBAY.
Retail Agents:—
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£325,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
HAVEN COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,50,000.
All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Ltd.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Yen 6,000,000 = Rs 4,80,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 4,800,000 = " 38,40,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 4,020,000 = " 32,40,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Kobe, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, and Shanghai.
BANKERS.—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK; The UNION BANK of LONDON; PARR'S BANKING COMPANY & THE ALLIANCE BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY AGENCY:
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.
Strdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED)
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUNDS AND REST..... " 10,00,000
HEAD OFFICE—MADRAS.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY AND RAWALPINDEE.
BANKERS & AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON, [illegible] LONDON, EDINBURGH & DUBLIN.
[illegible]
FIXED DEPOSITS [illegible] per cent.
SAVINGS [illegible] per cent.
CURRENT [illegible]
LOANS [illegible]
Goods, Trade [illegible]
General Business [illegible]



for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.
ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all Disharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England
LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-8. Postage Annas 2.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sale of Work, St. George's Hospital, 4 to 7 p.m.
Prize-distribution, Girgaum Girls' High School.
Public Meeting, Gaiety Theatre, to present addresses to the Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta, 5-15 p.m.
Rs. Isabel's School, Matharpacady, prize-distribution, 7 p.m.
Y. M. C. A., Apollo Bunder, Gospel address by Mr. C. Douglas Green, 8-30 p.m. (Ladies invited.)
Novelty Theatre: Orphean Dramatic Club's performance of Elizabeth, R., 9 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamers Patna and Mobile left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Imperatrix entered the dock on Wednesday and the steamer Peninsular yesterday.

POLO.—There will be a game, at 4-30 p. m., to-day.

CHATRE'S CIRCUS.—A correspondent wires:—Professor Kashinath Vinayak Chatre's Circus has started from Colombo by steamer for Bombay.

THE MARINE BATTALION BAND.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will not play at the Esplanade Bandstand until further notice.

BOMBAY SAILING ASSOCIATION.—There will be races to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon for yachts and ships' boats as usual. Entries close, at noon, to-day.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Gisela, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 9-30 a.m., to-morrow, Saturday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Veraval, Mangrole, Porbunder, and Outch Mandvie, per extra s. s. Pachumba, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 a.m., to-morrow, Saturday.

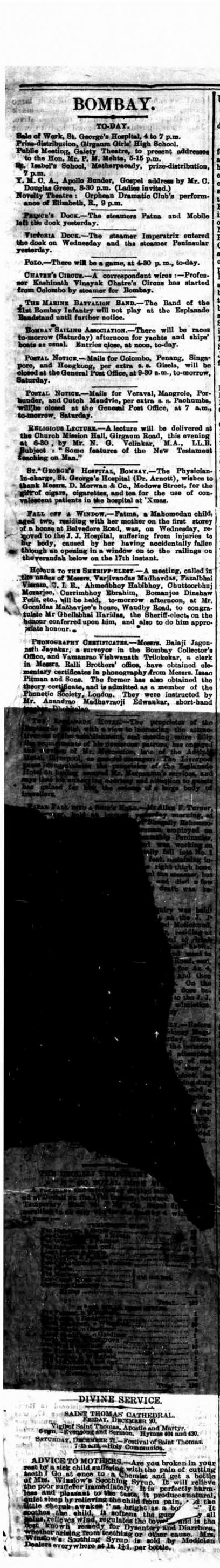
RELIGIOUS LECTURE.—A lecture will be delivered at the Church Mission Hall, Girgaum Road, this evening at 6-30, by Mr. N. G. Velinkar, M.A., LL.B. Subject:—"Some features of the New Testament teaching on Man."

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.—The Physician-in-charge, St. George's Hospital (Dr. Arnott), wishes to thank Messrs. D. Morwan & Co., Medows Street, for the gift of cigars, cigarettes, and tea for the use of convalescent patients in the hospital at Xmas.

FALL OUT A WINDOW.—Fatma, a Mahomedan child, aged two, residing with her mother on the first storey of a house at Belvedere Road, was, on Wednesday, removed to the J. J. Hospital, suffering from injuries to her body, caused by her having accidentally fallen through an opening in a window on to the railings on the verandah below on the 17th instant.

HONOUR TO THE SHERIFF-ELECT.—A meeting, called in the names of Messrs. Varjivandas Madhavdas, Fazalbhai Visram, C. I. E., Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy, Chuttoorbhuj Mozarjee, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit, etc., will be held, to-morrow afternoon, at Mr. Gooculdas Madhavjee's house, Waudhy Road, to congratulate Mr Ghellabhai Haridas, the Sheriff-elect, on the honour conferred upon him, and also to do him appropriate honour.

PHONOGRAPHY CERTIFICATES.—Messrs. Balaji Jagonath Jayakar, a surveyor in the Bombay Collector's Office, and Vamanrao Vishwanath Trilokekar, a clerk in Messrs. Ralli Brothers' office, have obtained elementary certificates in phonography from Messrs. Isaac Pitman and Sons. The former has also obtained the theory certificate, and is admitted as a member of the Phonetic Society, London. They were instructed by Mr. Anandrao Madhavraoji Edwankar, short-hand



DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20.
Vigil of Saint Thomas, Apostle and Martyr.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Hymns 404 and 430.
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21.—Festival of Saint Thomas.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pains, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULTS.

THE results of the following examinations were declared, yesterday afternoon, at the University:—

B. A. EXAMINATION (NEW RULES).

Out of 189 candidates who presented themselves for examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, according to the new rules, 115 were declared to have successfully passed the test: one in the first class, 32 in the second class, and 82 in the pass class. Mr. Jehanghir Kershaspji Dadachanji, a successful candidate in the second class, has secured the following five prizes and scholarships, *viz.*: the Ellis Scholarship of the value of Rs. 25 per month in English; the James Taylor Prize of the value of Rs. 100 in Political Economy and History; the Narayen Vasudev Scholarship of the value of Rs. 200 per annum in Natural Science; the Cobden Club Medal in Political Economy; and the Wordsworth Scholarship of the value of Rs. 20 per month, tenable for one year, and prize of the value of Rs. 45 in Compulsory History. As the Registrar announced these scholarships and prizes, he was greeted with loud applauses by a number of students, who had collected under the porch to hear the results. The Duke of Edinburgh Fellowship of the value of Rs 400 per annum, and tenable for two years, has been awarded to Mr. Sorab Manockshaw Bharucha, the only candidate in the first class, for General Proficiency. The Bhau Daji Prize of the value of Rs. 200 for proficiency in Sanskrit has been awarded to Mr. Mahadev Malhar Joshi. The following are the names of the successfull candidates:—

FIRST CLASS.—Bharucha, Sorab Manekshah.

SECOND CLASS.

Baldev, D Juthabhai	Mulla, Sorabji Fardunji
Bapat, V Vishavnath	Nanavati, M Keshavlal
Birdi, Rastamji Mervanji	Navalkar, M Narayan
Chandrachud, Narso Balkrishna	Parvati, Govind Krishna
Chhaya, I Jeyashankar	Patel, J Rustomji
Dadachanji, J Kershaspji	Patvardhan, D Mahadev
Dalvi, Dattaram Ganpat	Pradhan, Vithal Ganesh
Dastur, Jamasp Phiroz	Saldanha, Charles
Datar, Shamu Govindrao	Samant, J Atmaram
Ghoda, M Rameshankar	Sanjana, Byramji Navroji
Joshi, Bhimji Vaijanath	Shahani, G Jotzing
Joshi, Mahadev Malhar	Tarachand, R Kharahedji
Kapadia, Dinshah Dorabji	Trivedi, M Rajaram
Law, Kekhusru Festanji	Vacha, Rustamji Bejanji
Modi, A Vardhaman	Vakil, P Nassarvanji
Mone, Vinayak Moroba	Wadia, K Hormasji

PASS CLASS.

Advani, C Bulchand	Kadri, J Syedmia
Advani, C Thakurdas	Karani, B Phirozshah
Advani, S Maniksing	Karai, B Jamsedji
Agaskar, Ramrao Narayen	Katti, A Kattacharya
Akut, Dinkar Bapoji	Khandekar, G Vishnu
Apte, Sitaram Vishnu	Khandkar, Narayan Hari
Badami, S Purshottamdas	Khareghat, E Nanabhoy
Bagali, Khando Gopal	Khatkhatay, M Yousuf
Bagal, Temulji Palanji	Kolatkar, Y Venkatesh
Bandoravala, K Navroji	Kulkarni, P Krishna
Bapat, V Krishna	Mande, Shankar Bhaya
Bedarkar, Narayen Malhar	Masalavala, A Adarji
Bhat, V Purshottam	Master, N Tribhovandas
Bhavanani, P Asudamal	Mehta, A Talakshi
Bhave, Jasardan Vishnu	Mehta, C Lalbhai
Bhide, Vinayak Lakshman	Mehta, Dolatrai Sakarlal
Bhojvani, L Gidumal	Mehta, J Phirozshah
Bhopatkar, B Balvant	Mulla, H Dadabhai
Bilimoria, H Navroji	Munshi, C Ramnikram
Bilimoria, P Nasarvanji	Nagrani, T Naraindas
Borvankar, A Hanmant	Nirokhekar, N Lalshman
Chinai, D Kavasji	Parghi, M Vithalrai
Cooper, D Dosabhai	Phansalkar, L Keshav
Continho, Lawrence S	Pradhan, Govind Balvant
Dabholkar, P Ramchandra	Pundlik, K Govind
DeAndrade, Miguel J P	Rajadhyaksha, Nanabhai
Desai, K Lallubhai	Rajadhyaksha, Narayen
Desai, M Tribhovandas	Randolia, M Kodabhai
Dhabhai, B Jeshankar	Rindani, P Khiyata
D'Souza, Anthony Joseph	Sankhe, G Vasudeo
Engineer, A Motiram	Sarvai, Arjanlal Ramji
Gaikwad, Jaivant Raoji	Setna, Jamshed Kaikhushru
Gokhale, N Dinshahji	Shikhare, Vasudev Vaman
Gharpure, J Raghunath	Shirgaonkar, Y Lakshman
Gidvani, B Wadhumal	Solanki, G Panchamnath
Girat, P Manohar	Sulaiman, Sayed
Godbole, N Rameshwar	Thanga, Govind Malhotra
Gonsalves, Victorino A G	Tirathi, M Ramchandra
Jamasandi, G Ganoji	Tuli, P Sadasukh
Jani, N Ramchandra	Vaze, T Dayaram
Joshi, V Hanmantrao	
Joshipura, H Narsingrao	

B. A. EXAMINATION (OLD RULES).

There were in all 36 candidates for the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, according to the old rules, out of whom 28 were declared to have passed the test: three in the second class and 25 in the pass class. The following are the names:—

SECOND CLASS.

Godrej, M Barjorji	Pundole, H Sharam
Mehta, C Dayaram	

PASS CLASS.

Aiyer, G Narhar	Modi, H Bapalal
Gajjar, H Ranchhodlal	Nanavati, M Keshavlal
Jani, M M Dhirajlal	Nanavati, M Lallubhai
Jhaveri, M Gokaldas	Patel, J Ratanji
Jog, N Nilkanth	Patel, M Ratanji
Kanga, F Framji	Pavri, B Framji
Kirtikar, D Ramchandra	Thakore, G Fatehsinhji
Mookherjee, B Keshav	Tirandaz, B Kaikhushru
Munshi, M Mancherji	Wagle, M Bapuji
Oza, V Mahipatram	

LL.B. EXAMINATION (NEW RULES).

Eighty-four candidates had presented themselves for the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Laws, out of whom 12 were declared successful, 11 in the second class, The Azazi Scholarship of Rs. 25 has been awarded to Mr. Ramchandra Bhikaji Paranjpye for securing highest number of marks in the session and Faculty Rights. The following are the names of the successful candidates:—

Apshe, Ganesh Keshav	Joshi, Yadav Vishnu
Bal, Ramchandra Krishna	Mehta, G Vrajlal
Bhide, Vishnu Ramkrishna	Nanavati, M Lallubhai
Dastur, Manockjee Framjee	Patel, M Ratanji
Desai, Shantaram Ramchandra	Sabnis, Ramchandra Govind
Deshmukh, D Ganpat	Salvi, Vishnu Govind
Deshpande, B Ramji	Sohrabji, Rustomji Framji
Deshpande, V Ganesh	Thakore, G Fatehsinhji
Gandhi, Chamanlal Motilal	Vaidya, Vishnu Govind

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

UNFOUNDED ALLEGATION OF BIAS AGAINST A MAGISTRATE.

W CLEWS VS. NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE AND ANOTHER.

THIS was an application by the complainant for the revision of an order passed by Mr. H. F. Silcock, District Magistrate of Poona, on the 29th October last, transferring a case for trespass against Nusserwanjee Sorabjee and Ardasir Maneckjee, which was pending before the Special Magistrate, Mr. Dattatraya Dajee Adhikari, to the court of Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate of Poona, Mr. Branson, with Mr. S. V. Bhandarkar, appeared for the complainant; and the Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta, with Mr. Maneckshah, appeared for the first accused.

The complainant, in his petition, stated that he complained to Lieut.-Col. Newnham-Smith, Cantonment Magistrate of Poona, against Nusserwanjee Sorabjee and Ardasir Maneckjee Dotiwalla, for criminal trespass in respect of certain property in his possession as tenant within the limits of the Poona Cantonment. The magistrate transferred the case for trial to Mr. Dattatrya, Hohorary Special Cantonment Magistrate, whereupon the accused made on application to the District Magistrate of Poona for a transfer of the case, and this, without giving notice to the complainant, and without calling for a report from the Special Magistrate, ordered the transfer of the case to Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate of Poona, under section 528 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The complainant, therefore, prayed for its cancellation on the ground that the District Magistrate had no jurisdiction to pass the order, that he erred in passing the order without giving notice to the complainant and without hearing him or calling for a report from the Special Magistrate as to the truth of the allegations made against him. The complainant stated that the allegations were either not at all relevant or were unfounded and untrue; and that the magistrate erred in relying on the ex-parte affidavits of the younger brothers of the accused.

Mr. Silcock, in his order for the transfer of the case, said he was of opinion on a perusal of the affidavits and after having the pleader for the accused, that the case should be transferred for trial to another magistrate. The road in dispute had already formed the subject of criminal proceedings, and Mr. Adhikari seemed in his private capacity to have interested himself in the dispute. It would be better and more satisfactory to all parties, said Mr. Silcock, that this criminal complaint be tried by a stranger to the dispute, it being at the same time clearly recorded that the District Magistrate had no reason to think that Mr. Adhikari, as magistrate, would not deal properly with the case.

The Special Magistrate had submitted a report denying the accusations made against him.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in disposing of the application, said: Bias is not to be presumed in any judge or magistrate; and it is of high importance that an officer administering justice should not be exposed to scandalous imputations. In re Olive Duraut, I. L. R. 15 Bom., 485, therefore the person who makes such imputations, when as in this case they are unfounded, should not be allowed to procure a transfer of a case from the court trying it. We set aside the order of transfer and remit the case to the Special Magistrate.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT DADAR.

THE annual distribution of prizes to the successful pupils of the Antonio de Silva School Dadar took place on the 14th instant at 5-30 p.m. Long before the appointed hour the parents of the children and the guests who had been especially invited began to arrive, and the auspicious hall of the school was filled to its utmost capacity by a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen. The school as well as the compound was tastefully decorated with flags, evergreens and lamps. Punctually at 5-30 p.m. the St. Lucius Band struck up a piece of music entitled Quick step "Royal George" which was followed by the dramatic performance entitled "The proscribed heir a drama in three acts. The young actors rendered their parts with great ability and in a masterly style and the characters they personated were very clearly exhibited. The very able performance testified to the great trouble that had been bestowed in the getting up of the play. Mr. J. D'Aurco, one of the Trustees and Secretary of the school presided. The performance being over, Mr. A. de Souza, also a Secretary of the school read the annual report together with the report of the Educational Inspector of his last inspection of this school. The reports were very encouraging and reflected much credit upon the work done by the teachers during the year. After the distribution of prizes the chairman delivered an appropriate address suitable to the occasion. He remarked that the two pictures that adorned the hall one that of Dr. Antonio de Silva, the founder of this institution, and the other of the Very Revd. J. B. Fernandes, who during his life time had taken a great interest in the welfare of his countrymen and took a prominents part in all the educational movements of his time. At his death he left the whole of his fortune for the education of the boys of his countrymen. He could not have left the management of the fund in better hands than those of the Very Revd. gentlemen. This institution which is a lasting monument of the munificence of our country, now has been doing good work for last twenty-seven years among the public, and hundreds of boys from Bombay, Salsette and Dadar have received education here. Although this school is intended for the education of Catholic boys, the managing committee give admission to Parsee, Hindu and Mahomedan boys who, appreciating the education imparted in the school, send their sons to be educated here. The Committee spared no pains and money to keep up the efficiency of the school by employing an intelligent staff of teachers. He would impress upon the parents of the pupils the necessity of sending their boys regularly to school and keeping them long enough as to enable them to send every year a larger number for the Matriculation Examination than they had hitherto done. The committee have not lost sight of the physical training of the boys. They have spent a large amount of money to purchase the materials required for cricket and they have joined this school to the Bombay High School Athletic Association. The success attained by the boys is apparent in the school report just read. They have also secured the services of a competent European drill master who had formerly been in the Police Force, and whose training of the boys reflects great credit upon it. The St. Lucius Band, which is now in attendance and which has delighted them by their sweet strains of music, is composed of the young men who have received their education in this institution. This band is pioneer of the kind that has been established among the Native community and is doing excellent work in that it will impress upon the minds of the other young men of the parish to join the band and thereby form a large number of players who may be expected in future to make the band more attractive.

THE WEATHER.

FOR 24 HOURS FROM 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 19TH OF DECEMBER 1895.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Rain fell briskly at Amraoti, and has been reported only slightly elsewhere. Temperature has fallen in Rajputana, and lowest on and Deccan districts are moderate to slight. Elsewhere it is unchanged, and the force has increased. This morning the wind velocity is 4 at Bangalore and 12 at Bombay. The highest maximum and minimum is in the former and the average over nearly the whole country. The highest temperature in the shade is 90° at Jacobabad, and lowest 45° at Jubbulpore. The following are important, and the skies are mentioned: Delhi, Karachi, Indore, Hoshangabad, Surat, Bombay, Ahmednagar, Vingorla, and Negapatam. There has been no reporting stations. Conditions are fair, with rain at the southerly stations

(Signed) W. C. NIGEL JONES,
Meteorologist Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, DEC. 19.

The weather.—Pressure has decreased over Central and North-Western India, and the changes are slight except in the Indus Valley, where it has fallen. The highest pressure over North-West and the lowest South of the Bay, and are over the centre of India. The winds have veered south-eastwards over Baluchistan and the Punjab valley, but in other places the direction has changed. The force was fresh this morning at Diamond Island and Gopalpur. The temperature has changed rather irregularly over Southern and Central India and generally fallen in the North. The mean temperature exceeds the normal except over Northern India. The sky is cloudy in the North-West. Colombo has received a good shower of rain, and Madura a few drops.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 18th December 1895.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah.	29·265
Temperature of the Air	78·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	70·7
Dew Point	67·4
Relative humidity of Air	·795
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	0·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	84·9
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	70·1
General Directions of wind	ENE, WNW, NW, NNW, ENE
Movement of Wind in 24 hours	283

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the Proceedings of a Meeting, of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 10th December:—

Read letter from the Port Officer, dated 6th November 1895, reporting that the life-boat Prong which is past repairs, be sold and that a new boat completely equipped be procured from England to replace her. Read minutes of members of the Harbour and Pilotage Committee. Read memo. to the Port Officer, No. 4354, dated 21st November 1895. Read memo. from the Port Officer, dated 25th November 1895, reporting that it does not appear that the Trustees are required by the Port Trust Act or the Ports Act to maintain life-boats at Bombay; that it is not customary in the United Kingdom for life-boats to be provided at the expense of the Ports; that, in consequence of the Port authorities not accepting this duty, a benevolent society supported by voluntary contributions has established life-boat stations on the coast of the United Kingdom for the purpose of saving life; that the life-boat in question was established at Bombay in consequence of the frequent wrecks in the vicinity of the entrance to the Port prior to 1869, but since the Prongs and Kennery Lights have been established and the number of sailing vessels visiting the Port has decreased, there have been no wrecks and no demand for the services of a life-boat, and wrecks being not so frequent here, it is not necessary to maintain a life-boat, but that, should a wreck occur, it might be arranged to get an ordinary ship's life-boat from the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard or from any of the Naval or Royal Indian Marine vessels in the harbour. Read proceedings of the Harbour and Pilotage Committee, stating that under the circumstances it does not seem necessary to replace the Prong.

Resolution.—The old life-boat reported to be past repair should be sold and the proceeds paid to Government in reduction of debt. The Trustees do not consider it necessary to replace the life-boat.

Submitted letter from the Docks Superintendent, dated 13th November 1895, reporting that, in consequence of the very large increase in coast traffic, the present establishment is unable to keep pace with it, and recommending that it be increased by the appointment of 2 more coal clerks on Rs. 40 and 2 clerks to prepare bills on Rs. 30 each per mensem; that the salary of the post of the Town Duty Registrar be raised from Rs. 35 to Rs. 40 per mensem to prevent the frequent changes by transfer of the holder of the appointment to fill up a vacancy in the higher grade of pay; and that the necessary provision be made in the next budget. Submitted proceedings of the Finance and Establishment Committee, recommending the Docks Superintendent's proposals for the approval of the Trustees. The papers, having been circulated, were not read. Read Trustees' minutes agreeing in the recommendation of the Finance and Establishment Committee.

Resolution—Provision should be made in the budget, 1896-97, for 4 additional permanent clerks—2 cash clerks on Rs. 40 each and 2 clerks for preparing bills on Rs. 30 each per mensem—and the provision for temporary establishment should be correspondingly reduced. Provision should also be made for increasing the pay of the post of Town Duty Registrar to Rs. 40.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Submitted the following note by the Chairman, dated 22nd May 1895:—"Some of the basins alongside the Sewri Road north of the Frere Land Estate, along which the projected railway will run, appear to me to be absolutely useless for trade purposes. They are overgrown with mangrove and are, I should say, most pernicious in a sanitary sense. This is notably the case where the basins, as some of them do, extend right up to dwelling houses. I think it would be right for the Trustees to spend some money on sanitary improvements here in some of the worst cases at least. But the Traffic Manager may be asked for report on the subject, to state what basins are not required for traffic purposes and whether, if filled in, they would be likely to be taken up for occupation. No doubt, if the railway is made, every square that can be reclaimed will be wanted here, but at present this should only be taken into account as a future contingency." Submitted memo. by the Traffic Manager, dated 24th July 1895, reporting that the basins to the north of the Frere Estate are very insanitary, that the only use they are put to at present is for the laying up of country craft during the monsoon and for repairs, and describing each one shown in a litho. plan forwarded with the report as follows:—Basin No. 1 near Esse Fazula's Bunder is well away from the road; is not a nuisance to the public; yields a revenue of, say, Rs. 70 a year; is not much fouled, but is overgrown with mangrove. Any reclamations here could be put to no use unless the proposed railway line were built. Basin No. 2 at Jackeria Bunder (the large basin).—This basin is very dirty and evil smelling as it is constantly fouled by the residents on the private land immediately opposite; the road to the west is very little frequented; that the basin yields a revenue of, say, Rs. 2,500 per year. Should the railway line be constructed, the reclamation of this basin would give a large area of land which could be put to good use. For one thing it could be made to take the bone crade from the Frere Reclamation. It would be of no use to reclaim the Jackeria Basin if the railway is not to be constructed, but something should be done to improve its sanitary condition. Basins Nos. 3 and 4 at Jackeria Bunder (small basins) are well away from the road and are not so much fouled as No. 2; they bring in a revenue of Rs. 450 a year. Reclamation would be of no use except as part of the railway scheme. Basins Nos. 5 and 6 at Esmail Hubib Bunder.—The western portions of these basins are thick with mangrove, dirty and very much fouled. Whether the railway scheme is carried through or not, immediate reclamation to a depth of about 200 feet would be a great improvement and would, probably, lead to gradual occupation. Barbed wire fencing and gates should be a part of the scheme, if fouling is to be prevented. Should the railway scheme be carried into effect, reclamation should be extended to the outer line marked in blue on the plan and a small rubble-faced pier provided; the two basins bringing in about Rs. 900 a year. Basin No. 7 at Frere Reclamation.—The remarks about Nos. 5 and 6 apply to this basin, but in a less degree. About 200 feet depth of reclamation would be a great improvement in the immediate present and lead to occupation. The income from the basin is about Rs. 700 a year. If the railway scheme is carried through, the reclamation should be extended further out as shown in blue on plan. Canal ends 8 and 9 at the Frere Reclamation are very dirty, overgrown with mangroves, and of no use to traffic. Immediate reclamation would be an improvement, and observing, with regard to what has been said of Nos. 1 to 7, that, if a reclamation were pushed out to the extreme limit suggested as a provision for the contemplated railway line, the loss of revenue would not be so great as might at first appear; that the revenue from the laying up of boats and repairing charges might suffer to the extent of Rs. 1,100, but against this a large area of grazing land which would be created would probably bring in Rs. 400 or Rs. 500 a year. Submitted memo. to the Engineer, No. 2974, dated 22nd August 1895, calling for a rough estimate of the cost of each of the reclamations at Nos. 5, 6 and 7 and the area that would be reclaimed. Submitted letter from the Engineer, dated 31st October 1895, forwarding plan showing the areas proposed to be reclaimed and stating that the approximate cost is estimated at one and a quarter lakhs of rupees: observing that, in considering the scheme, the probable position of the proposed railway line and the best means of laying out the land with reference to the development of this and the other portions of the Trustees' property on either side of it must be taken into account; that, with this view, he has drawn up and shown the outlines of a general scheme providing for a main road extending from Albert Road to Sewri, which would serve as the main artery for traffic; that this road crosses the railway at Albert Road and is practically level and straigh, throughout following the railway line on the east; enumerating the future advantages of the scheme; mentioning that on the west of the railway he has shown cross roads up to Kandlee Battery and the laying out similarly of the triangle at Kala Chowki; that he has not shown anything on the west of the railway north of Kandlee Battery; that the present Sewri Road beyond that point passes over several hills and is bounded on the west by worked-out quarries almost the whole way; that, in his opinion, the present road should be quarried out through all the hills and brought down to bunder level to allow of the properties on either side to be opened up and made remunerative, which they never can be so long as the road is in its present isolated and elevated state: and recommending that for the present the portions of basins Nos. 5, 6 and 7, hatched red, be reclaimed and the roads shown on them made together with those on the Kala Chowki triangle at an early date. Submitted memo. to the Traffic Manager, No. 4084, dated 6th November 1895. Submitted memo. from the Traffic Manager, No. 2-4374, dated 11th November 1895, urging, upon sanitary grounds, that the portions hatched red of Nos. 5, 6 and 7 on the plan should be at once reclaimed and the roads constructed as recommended by the Engineer, and that barbed wire fencing and gates should be provided for Nos. 5 and 6. Submitted proceedings of the Land and Railways Committee, saying that the reclamation of the portions of Basins Nos. 5, 6 and 7 cross-hatched red on the Engineer's plan and the construction of the roads shown thereon will cost approximately Rs. 1,25,000 or such establishment, &c., say, Rs. 1,38,000; that for this outlay the Trustees shall reclaim an area of 38,000 square yards with excellent road frontages; that it would effect an enormous sanitary improvement and would improve the value of the Trustees property generally, and there would, in all probability, soon be a demand for the land; that, if let at the low rate of 2 annas per square yard, it would be directly remunerative, as the cost allowing for space taken up by roads is about Rs. 4 per square yard: and recommending that the scheme be approved and that in the next application for a loan provision should be made for carring out the work to the extent named, but the laying out of the corner referred to as the Kala Chowki triangle should be deferred for the present as it wants more consideration with reference to the railway line. The papers, having been circulated, were not read. Read Trustees' minutes thereon, agreeing in the recommendation of the Land and Railways Committee.

Resolution.—The project is approved of generally and provision should be made in the next application for a loan for carrying out the reclamation of plots 5, 6 and 7, having a gross area of 38,000 square yards, at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,38,000 including establishment. The question of laying out the triangle at the corner opposite the Kala Chowki should be deferred for the present.

Submitted para. 2 of Trustees' Resolution No. 349, dated 12th November 1895, directing that the question of revising the rates of rents for land on Mody Bay Estate be referred to the Land Committee. Submitted proceedings of the Land and Railways Committee, observing that the rates for the plots on the Elphinstone Estate west of the Frere Road for a 50 years' lease are as follows:—

	Rupees per square yard per annum. First 10 years.	Second 10 years.	Third 10 years.	Remaining 20 years.
With Frere Road Frontage—				
Corner plots	2	2½	3	3½
Other Do.	1½	2	2½	3
Back Land	1	1½	2½	3½

showing a difference between corner plots with frontages and other plots with frontages of 8 annas throughout, and between the latter and back land of 4 annas in the first 20 years and 8 annas in the last 20 years, the rates for the intervening 10 years being the same; that in the case of the Mody Bay Estate there appears to be no formal scale for lands south of Boree Street, but the plots have been leased for a number of years at the following rates:—

	Rupees per square yard per annum for a lease of 50 years. First 10 years.	Second 10 years.	Remaining 30 years
With Frere Road Frontage—			
Corner plots	1½	1½	2½
Other do.	1	1½	2
Back Land	1	1½	2

showing a difference between corner and other plots with frontages of 4 annas throughout and no difference between the latter and the back land; that the rates were raised to the present scale in 1882; that in 1887 the Trustees laid down the following scale for Mody Bay land north of Boree Street between Jamnagar and Gogo Streets—

	Rupees per square yard per annum. First 10 yrs.	Second 10 yrs.	Third 10 yrs.	Remaining 20 yrs.
With Frere Road Frontage—				
Corner plots	2	2½	3	3½
Other do	1½	2	2½	3
Back Land	1	1½	2½	2½

or the same as the Elphinstone Estate rates between Boree and Gogo Streets—

	Rupees per square yard per annum. First 10 yrs	Second 10 yrs	Third 10 yrs	Remaining 20 years.
With Frere Road Frontage—				
Corner plots	1½	2	2½	3
Other do	1½	1½	2½	2½
Back Land	1	1½	2½	2½

that is, Mr. Baird proposes to raise the rates for the plots with Frere Road frontages in both cases by 4 annas and to leave those for the back land as at present, the Committee think that it is not advisable to raise the rates for frontage plots, and as it would be inconvenient at present to lower them for back land, the rates had better remain as they are between Raja pur Street and Ballard Road; that there are only four frontage plots which are at present unoccupied; that of these two are at the corner of Ballard Road, which ought now to command a good price, and two are between Raja pur Street and Vingurla Street, one of which has just been let; that the most northly leasehold is at the corner of Chiplun Streets, that it does not seem that there is much demand for land on that side at present; that it is further from the Fort and is cut off from the town by the Hospital and the B. B. & C. I. Railway yard; that, with a view to future Dock extension, the Committee do not advise the Trustees to encourage leaseholds north of Boree Street; that, with a view to railway requirements, the frontage should be kept clear, but south of Boree Street they consider it is sound policy to let as much land as possible; that with this view it is worth considering whether the Trustees should not make the portion of the proposed Manson Road extension, shaded in red pencil upon a litho. plan, as it would give a large extent of excellent frontages and add another class of plots, namely, corner plots without Frere Road frontage: and suggesting that the rates for these plots be the same as those for non-corner plots with Frere Road frontage, and in that case the other plots might be charged at the old scale, namely, Re. 1 for first 20 years and Re. 1½ for next 30 years; otherwise they are of opinion it will be best to make no change at present. The papers, having been circulated, were not read. Read minutes of the Trustees agreeing with the Land Committee.

Resolution.—The recommendations of the Land Committee are approved. The Engineer and the Traffic Manager should report on the proposal to make the section of the Manson Road between Boree and Fort Street.

Read letter from the Port Officer, dated 9th December 1895, submitting, with reference to para. 1 of Trustees' Resolution No. 361, dated 19th November 1895, an offer of Rs. 2,001 from Mr. Noorbhoy Gellabhoy for the purchase of the steam launch Flirt; and recommending that the offer be accepted.

Resolution.—The offer should be accepted.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 6th Dec. 1895.	Total from 1st April 1895 ending 6th Dec. Dec. 1895.	For week ending 6th Dec. 1894.	Total from 1st April 1894 to 6th Dec. 1894.
Vessels piloted into harbour	20	638	19	658
,, ,, out of harbour	14	681	14	669
,, transported	10	403	11	461
,, attended to	2	45	.....	48
,, warped	6	71	1	59

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 20.

(Before the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STRACHEY.)

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

195-1400-95—Chitnis M and M—Tribhowandas Jugjivan vs Chimanram Mirzamul and another—Thakoredas D and C.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

881-572-95—Thakoredas D and C—Damodardas Tapidas vs Devabhoy Tapidas and another—Chitnis M and M.

881-104-95—Payne G and S—Roopa Raja vs Juga Heerji and another—In person.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CANDY.)

For Consent Decree.

496-95—Trabjee D and Co—Premchand Gotumchand vs Ghellabhai Gotumchand and others—In person.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

613-93—Mathubhai and J—Khetsey Jaitha and others vs Welljee Natha and others—Little and Co.

342-95—Hiralal and M—Bai Radha alias Jadan vs Mathuradas Ramdas and others—Bicknell M and M—Part heard.

388-95—Bicknell M and M—Mathuradas Ramdas and others vs Bai Radha alias Jadan—Hiralal and M.

109-94—M N Sakhatwala—Sullemanjee Ebrahimjee vs Moosa Jan Mahomed and others—Thakordas D and C.

138-95—K J Mantri—Lingajee Mankojee vs Narsoo Komri Mayak and others—Bhaishunker and K. and In person.

484-94—Thakoredas D and C—Ebrahimbhoy Ludhabhoy Chattoo vs Baboobhoy Baga—Dikshit and H.

568-94—Dikshit and H—Nassarbhoy Caramsey vs Ebrahimbhoy Ludhabhoy Chattoo—Thakurdas D and C.

432-94—Little and Co—Narrandas Karsandas vs Oodhowjee Visram and another—Edgelow and G, and Brown and M.

103-85—James Peace—Essack Hajee Oomer and another vs Lakhmibai and others—Edgelow and G.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BUDRUDIN TYABJEE.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

562-91—Tyabjee D and Co—Vinayek Vishnu Kane vs Pandoorang Haree Vaidya and others—Dikshit and H.

475-95—Dikshit and H—Pandoorang Haree Vaidya and others vs Vinayak Vishnu Kaney—Tyabjee D and Co.

211-95—Payne G and S—G G Volkart and others vs Noorbhoy Esmaljee—Brown and M.

In the matter of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 and in the matter of Government and Bai Shirinbai and others—F A Little for Government and Craigie L and O for 1st claimant—Dikshit and H, and Ardeshir H and D, for 3rd and 5th claimant—other claimants in person.

Petitions for Hearing.

In the matter of the Companies Act VI of 1882 and of the Gooculdas Callianjee Ahmednuger Cotton Press Co., Ld—Mooljee and R, and Hiralal and M.

Premjee Ookerda and others—Petitioners—Muljee and R—In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882 and of the Gokuldas Callianjee Barsi Cotton Press Co Ld—Premjee Ookerda and others—Petitioners—Hiralal and M.

Postponed Long Causes.

193-95—Edgelow and G—Morarjee Khimjee vs Goolbai—Tyabjee D and Co.

618-94—Payne G and S—Charles Agnew Turner vs Sadanand Shreeniahn and another—Khunderao M and Payne G and S

638-93—Tyabjee D and Co—C Tyabally vs Abdool H Jewabhai and another—D

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 19.

At the weekly biddings for Indian Council Bills in London yesterday, the whole amount of 50 lakhs was allotted, Calcutta taking 41 lakhs, Bombay 4 lakhs, and Madras 5 lakhs, the price of 1s. 1 29-32d. which was obtained, being 1-32d. higher than the previous Wednesday's regular allotment rate, though 1-32d. lower than that obtained for the small lot of extra Bills on Madras placed on the same day. It is announced that 50 lakhs of Bills will be offered again next week. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on London at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 1½d.

Consols further advanced ¼ per cent. in London yesterday, say to 106 7-8; but Indian Sterling loan was ¼ per cent. lower, at 118. Three and a half per cent. Rupee Securities were declined 1-8 per cent. to £60¼. The price of Bar Silver in London advanced 1-8d. per oz., to 30 3-8d.; and in New York, the metal was ¼ cent dearer, at 66¼ cents per oz.; with demand Exchange on London higher to the same extent, at 4·89 dollars. French Routes in Paris were quoted at 100¼ *ex coupon*, the previous day's quotations *cum coupon* having been 101¼. About £200,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier last evening; Surats flat; and Arrivals quiet; Sales 12,000 bales; Imports 22,000 bales. The spot price remained at 4 21-32d.; but Arrivals were 1-32d. per lb. lower in the nearer positions, and 3-64d. in the more distant, the extreme quotations being 4 33-64d. for December deliveries, and 4 15-32d. for April-May. The Manchester market was steady.

A decline of 1-16 cent took place in the price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton in New York yesterday, at 8¼d. per lb, and March Futures were 6 points lower at 8·29 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 29,000 bales; and the figures from the beginning of the new season now compare as undernoted with those in the two previous years:—

	1895.	1894.	1893.
Wednesday's Receipts..	29,000	48,000	47,000
Three days' do.	140,000	239,000	204,000
Since 1st Sept., 1894 ...	3,927,000	4,697,000	3,766,000

A moderate business has been reported in our local Cotton market to-day, the feeling having been steady and prices unchanged. Exporters have taken 950 bales, all ready new stuff, consisting of 200 Barsee, at Rs. 218; 200 Karanja, at Rs. 216; 150 Jalgaum, at Rs. 203; and 100 each of Dhulia, at Rs. 197; Khaugamm, at Rs. 210; 100 Damergaum, at Rs. 212; and 100 Akola, at Rs. 219; while the Mills are credited with 700 bales, say 300 ready new Bhusawal, at Rs. 205; 200 Nuggur, at Rs. 203; 150 Bengal, at Rs. 164; and 50 Barsee, at Rs. 218 per candy.

The telegraphic reports regarding the Cotton crop received to-day, are of about the same favourable tenor as those which, came to hand on Monday and call for our special comment.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—Both these markets have been steady in tone to-day, with only a moderate amount of business reported for shippers' account, prices in both being quite unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	11,193	bales.
Wheat	9,467	cwts.
Linseed	1,145	"
Gingellyseed	8,631	"
Groundnuts	1,422	"
Castorseed	3,284	"
Rice	3,591	"

FREIGHTS.—There is nothing-doing in this market, the tone of which remains dull; and tonnage is obtainable at last rates.

EXCHANGE opened with a quiet dealing at 1s. 1 29-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 1 29-32d. and at 1s. 2d. for three months' sight Credits. The enquiry either way, however, has been upon a very limited scale, and for three months' sight Bills we hear of 1s. 1 31-32d. having been done in one direction. Calcutta rates are quoted 1-32d. higher than those ruling here, which close as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand ...	1s. 1 29-32d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 1 29-32d. "
Do. 3 months' sight ...	1s. 1 15-16d. "
Credits 3 months' sight ...	1s. 2d. to 1s. 1 31-32d. "
Francs 3 months' sight ...	1·47½ to ¼ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened at 105 3-8 for Money, and 105¼ for Account, but rates declined in a weak market, to 105 1-8 and 105 in the two positions, respectively, leaving off on the same level.

SHARES remain without animation; but quotations are generally steady, the only changes in our list this evening being an advance of Rs. 5 in China Mill Scrips, and of Rs. 2½ in Oriental; and a decline at Rs. 10 in Luckmidas; and of Rs. 5 in Maneckjee Petit.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 30th November 1895, on 461 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,10,000	2,17,000	4,000	3,31,000
Or per mile of Railway	238	471	9	718
For previous 21 weeks of half-year.	19,25,594	23,59,603	65,505	43,50,702
Total for 22 weeks...	20,35,594	30,76,603	69,505	51,81,702
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,02,710	2,19,489	3,721	3,25,920
Per mile of Ry do.	223	476	8	707
Total to corresponding date do.	19,30,162	27,33,632	99,686	48,13,410

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 5,080
Ditto to date ..... " 3,65,262

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,490½ Miles.)

The following is the Statement of Traffic for week ending 14th December, 1895:—

	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Receipts.	Receipts.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total ..	1,94,137	6,23,698	7,526	8,25,411
Corresponding week 1 a t year. Open 1,490 Miles...	...	...	...	7,13,953

Increase ..... Rs. 1,11,458

GOLD AND SILVER.

THE imports and exports of gold and silver during the official year 1895-96 up to 4th December are as follows:—

In the month of October 1895.

	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imports	23,42,003	73,88,947	97,30,850
Exports	30,07,065	25,31,753	55,38,818
Net Imports ...	—6,65,062	48,57,194	42,02,032

To the end of the month of October 1895.—(Progressive).

	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imports	2,57,21,073	4,37,27,618	6,94,48,691
Exports	1,63,95,774	1,20,98,094	2,84,93,868
Net Imports ...	93,25,799	3,16,29,524	4,09,55,823

Silver received and coined in the Mints during the official year 1895-96.

Coins and Bullion received (assay value).

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In the month of Oct. 1895	4,83,412	*32,46,222	37,29,634
To the end of the month of October 1895. (Progressive)	7,68,016	54,09,854	61,77,870

Coined and Examined.

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In the month of October 1895	2,61,002	†19,82,815	21,43,817
To the end of the month of October 1895 (Progressive)	2,51,072	34,49,195	37,00,197

* Of which Rs. 32,30,547 represent bullion received for British Dollar Coinage from the tenderers.
† Equivalent of Rs. 8,34,172 British Dollars.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 18.
10 p.m. ..... 76°5

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19.
6 a.m. ..... 73°4
10 a.m. ..... 76°0
2 p.m. ..... 83°4
6 p.m. ..... 81°6

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

HORMARJEE—December 19, at his residence, Warden Road Bombay, Hormarjee Ardaseer Hormarjee. Funeral, at 3 p.m., to-day (Friday).

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CHAWNER—December 12, at Lucknow, the wife of Captain H Chawner, the Essex Regiment, of a son.
HUBBARD—December 5, at Bareilly, the wife of Surgn-Capt A O Hubbard, I M S, of a son.
HUMFRESS—December 3, at Mushkaf, Beluchistan, the wife of H Humfress, I' W D, of a daughter.
KELLY—December 14, at Mian Mir, the wife of Capt F H Kelly, R E, of a daughter (still-born.)
MAWDSLEY—December 16, at 16, Elysium Row, the wife of R C Mawdsley, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BRANSON—POULTON—December 14, at St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, by the Rev W F Archibald, Reginald Ernest Selby Branson, second son of Reginald Branson, Barrister-at-Law, Bombay, to Edith, fourth daughter of the Rev W H Poulton, M A, Warden, Queen's College, Birmingham.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1895.

UP to the present time very little additional information has been forthcoming respecting the Arab rising against Turkish rule in Yemen, mainly because of the inaccessible nature of the country. To the ordinary globe-trotter Yemen, although reaching right down to Aden, is a sealed book, and it is only a few adventurous travellers, like the late Sir Richard Burton and Mr. W. B. Harris, who penetrate into this Arab region. The result of the present rising is, however, a matter of great importance in the solution of that nexus of problems known as the Eastern Question, for upon his ability to suppress the rebellion lies the power of the Sultan of Turkey to maintain the spiritual authority he exercises over millions of Mahomedans who are not his subjects, but who reverence him as the Caliph. He has no hereditary claim to their homage, and only obtains it because the holy city of Mecca is included in the Turkish possessions. If the Ottoman rule was swept away in Yemen, it would also disappear from Mecca, and the Shereef of the City would doubtless establish his claim to the Caliphate, as an actual descendant of the Prophet, and the settlement of the Eastern Question would be greatly simplified. It is interesting to note in passing that, according to Professor Sayce, the civilization of the whole world had its birth in this obscure district. It has an antiquity greater than that of Egypt, and directly traceable to the time of Joktan, who is to be found amongst the generations of Shem. It is believed by the learned Professor that the Minæan dynasty, founded by the Yemenites, furnished the Phœnicians, and through them the whole world with their alphabet, and that consequently it was from Yemen that the mystic art arose of "painting speech and speaking to the eyes." After the Minæn dynasty came the Sabæan, of which the Queen who visited Solomon is the best known representative; and which established a large trade with all parts of the then known world. An unsuccessful expedition into Yemen was made about the Christian era by Ælius Gallus. Other attempts of a similar kind failed, and it was not until 525 A.D. that the country was subjugated by the Abyssinians. They were eventually driven out by the Persians, who in turn had to give place to the conquering Mahomed. From hereforward the country became the shuttlecock of hostile dynasties and caliphs, and in common with the whole coast of Arabia was conquered by Suleman the Magnificent after he had been driven out of India by the Portuguese. In 1630 the country was evacuated by the Turks, and the Imam of Sanaa reigned ingloriously until 1872, when at the request of some wealthy merchants, who were chiefly concerned to obtain security against spoliation of their caravans, the Turks stepped in for the ostensible purpose of putting an end to the misgovernment of the Imam of Sanaa.

It is somewhat open to question whether the change of administration has greatly benefited either the merchants or any other residents of Yemen, for the new rulers took care to conserve the chief features of the authority they supplanted. The rule of the Turk in the vilayaet has all through been marked by corruption and mal-administration. Being more remote from Constantinople than any other part of the Turkish dominions, Yemen has most suffered from official oppression. It must be admitted, however, that during the past twenty years some good roads have been made and kept open for trade, and while the officials have stolen themselves they have made some effort to prevent others from doing the same. It is most likely that a return to independence in Yemen, where the Arab chiefs are a law unto themselves, would mean jumping from the frying pan into fire. Whether the rebellion—which is the second of its kind—will effect the object in view remains to be seen. It is certain that the Arabs are much better armed than they were when their outbreak of 1890 was with difficulty repressed, and it is equally certain that the Turkish Government have too many serious troubles in other quarters to be able to take such effective measures to put down the revolt as those employed five years ago. At that time Ahmed Feizi Pasha, a man of rare energy and determination, commanded the Turkish troops and made a splendid march from the port of Hodeidah to Sanaa, dragging guns with him. As usual the Turks fought bravely against heavy odds, but the Arabs, presumably from lack of knowledge of moden warfare rather than from lack of courage, ran away from their impregnable position as soon as the shells began to whistle. But there are retreats for the Yemenites inaccessible both for the Turk and his artillery. The fastnesses of the mountains are impenetrable to any but those who have known them from childhood, especially when guarded by armed men, so that, as has been tersely remarked, "The Turks can reconquer the level, the roads, and the cities twice a week if they so please. The Yemenites can always remain free and untaxpaying in the clefts of the rock." It is this circumstance which makes the sovereignty of the Porte more of a theory than a reality. The native chiefs, locally called Sultans, still exercise their old patriarchial sovereignty, and the real rule of the Padeshah runs little beyond the range of his cannon. That range, however, includes those parts of the country which are valuable for their own sake—the fertile and well-watered lands, the rich pastures and perennial streams of the valleys. The agricultural fertility of Yemen—altogether exceptional in Arabia—is due partly to the greater mean elevation of the land and partly to its rich soil and happy configuration, calculated to receive from the Indian ocean and retain in its sheltered valleys an abundance of moisture. Coffee and indigo are assiduously cultivated, and find their way to the foreign markets partly by way of Hodardah, but still more *via* Aden, where there are no heavy Turkish dues to pay. Given the blessing of a strong and settled form of government, this ancient and unique country would have, to some extent at least, a return of the commercial prosperity which marked its career in earlier days. Both from a commercial and a political point of view, the present rising is deserving of close attention, more especially as on a previous occasion English and Turkish forces almost came into collision in the neighbourhood of Aden in regard to some of the petty rulers who are allied by treaty with the British.

ENGLISH papers, brought in advance of the mail by the Austrian Lloyd's steamer, contain the text of a statement made by Balfour of the Liberator frauds, from which that unhappy man, despite the finding of the judge and jury and the endorsement of public opinion, would have us believe he acted *bona fide* and had no intention to defraud. He meant to have read the statement to the judge, he said, handing over the drafts to the reporters, but was too ill. He says he never had any intention to do anything dishonest. He acted in the interests of the company thoroughly *bona fide*. He was from November, 1887, to March 14, 1892, a director only of the Lands Allotment. He did not know anything of the other companies during that period excepting what he was told. The "ins and outs" were kept from him. He thoroughly trusted his co-directors, part of whom only are accused. This prosecution was threatened soon after the opening of the public examination some three years ago, and he has been terribly punished by the suspense, both in mind and body, and practically unfit for business. Driver's report was kept from him. He always believed the figures called Bird's figures were the joint figures of Driver and Bird until the public examination. He did not conceal anything, and his agenda book and the letter pressed against him were put in evidence at his public examination by his desire. They were until then in his custody only. His letter has been entirely misconstrued. That letter shows his *bona fides*. He never was an auditor of the Lands Allotment since 1878, when he became a director, and he had nothing to do with the accounts beyond hearing what was said at the board. He retired from the London and General Bank in 1886. Finally he wrote: "I most solemnly aver that I have acted *bona fide* through all my directorate of the Lands Allotment Company, and if I have surrendered my judgment unwisely that is not criminal but human, and I ask your Jurdship not to confirm the finding of the jury on the odious charge of deception, but give me your own diction in favour of intention." Of course, people can believe him if they wish, but we fancy few will accept as honest declaration that so astute a man acted as he did without knowing it. Every act of his both before and since the crash shows him in the light of a knave, certainly not a fool. Before sentence Halfour had made full disposal of his affairs. His wife is duly provided for, his daughter likewise needs no further provision, and his son is in a good position in life. The convict fully anticipated the degree of the sentence that he received, though he complains that it is excessive. He bears up well.

ALTHOUGH the Tariff Act has been in operation for twenty-one months, and has been carefully amended to clear away debatable points, doubts continue to arise from time to time as to the interpretation of some of its clauses. For instance, the Collector of Customs at Calcutta recently ruled that iron screws are chargeable with duty at 7 per cent. *ad valorem* as coming under the head "Iron nails, other sorts." The Board of Revenue, however, are of opinion that iron screws are hardware, and should be assessed at 5 per cent. *ad valorem* under No. 13 of Schedule IV. of the Act. Another point that has lately arisen was so debateable that the Government of India invited the opinion of the local administrations possessing sea ports thereon. They asked whether the practice of mixing spirit in bond with water before exportation is open to such objection that the sanction required under the Sea Customer Act of 1878 should be withheld and the practice disallowed. The reply of the Government of Bombay was to the effect that as long as operations are strictly confined to the reduction of spirit with water for exportation as distinct from home consumption, the practice might be permitted. On the other hand, the Bengal Government sees no objection to the practice being allowed, even in the case of spirit for home consumption, and this view is shared by the Chief Commissioner of Burma, who considers that rules might be framed which would sufficiently protect the revenue. The Government of Madras, however, are of opinion that there are certain difficulties in the way of making the rules effective, unless an adequate supervising staff is provided. Amongst the multitude of counsellors, the Viceroy-in-Council finds wisdom in the views of the Government of Bombay, and orders that the practice of mixing spirit in bond with water may be allowed only in the case of spirit intended for exportation.

THE large and representative gathering which assembled last evening to witness the ceremony of unveiling the statue of Lord Reay, was an indication of the fact that the controversies which existed in the public mind when Lord Harris left the Governorship of Bombay have long since passed away, it has come to be recognised by all sections of the community that Lord Reay's rule was characterised by great achievements for the welfare of the Presidency, surpassed by but few of his predecessors. A brief summary of the most prominent achievements was given last evening by Mr. Wadia, who rightly described the administration of 1885-90 as upright, beneficent, and at the same time eminently useful. Lord Reay was an earnest and conscientious worker, and his administration was marked by a constant desire to view questions of policy, whether small or great, from the standpoint of all and every interest affected by proposed changes. The delays which resulted were sometimes attributed to indecision and vacillation, but it may be regarded as a sign of weakness, and it may be that Lord Reay carried this habit of consultation with [illegible] too far. But to virtue's side, and to give permanence to the reforms of the career of a Governor, and constantly and whose every act was the impress of consideration, unveiling the statue upon Lord Sandhurst felicitous expression one who is now also an old

To say that day's Levee was which is not an attempt to

LAST evening H. E. Lord Sandhurst unveiled the statue of Lord Reay in the presence of a large and brilliant assembly of European and Native ladies and gentlemen. Lord Sandhurst, in the course of his [illegible] had been connected with the Bombay Presidency for many years and they shared each other's views in nearly all the political and social questions of the day. His Excellency then dwelt on the character and the results of Lord Reay's administration. Lord Reay, after referring to the many posts he had filled in the Presidency which were testimony of his ability, said that as a Governor and a statesman he would be remembered as a Governor who left his mark on the age. Referring to the numerous measures, the Governor said that the most important and lasting work of Lord Reay's government was the Municipal Act, which now worked most satisfactorily. Another direction in which Lord Reay's energies were directed was education. He (Lord Sandhurst) doubted whether there was any one more distinguished or erudite Chancellor of the University of Bombay. Lord Reay, who had always taken a deep interest in primary education, had a real affection for the [illegible] City of Bombay, which stood amidst the [illegible] of extraordinary natural beauty, its picturesque situations, and its public buildings, calling forth general admiration. It was Lord Reay's ambition that it should win a equal admiration for its material progress and enlightenment. His Excellency commended to all this ambition and desire of Lord Reay's that Bombay's progress should be [illegible] certain, and unceasing, and that the [illegible] citizens should be [illegible] years to come Lord [illegible] one who loved the [illegible] and was loved by [illegible]

DURING the [illegible] last, silver to the [illegible] on account of [illegible]

NINE months [illegible] G. Jacob, I. [illegible] Bijapur.

ON return [illegible] second-in-co[illegible] and ex-offi[illegible] Kolhapur, [illegible] Ma. R[illegible] Superint[illegible] parment

Mr. A[illegible] Konkan [illegible] Secretary [illegible] period of [illegible]

Two me[illegible] been gran[illegible] Superinten[illegible]

Mr. G[illegible] a Port T[illegible] Hormus[illegible]

Mr. [illegible] phin[illegible] yes[illegible]

M[illegible] by [illegible] in[illegible]

[illegible], has been appointed Sanitary Commissioner, District.

[illegible]erd, and Co.'s s. s. Kalanadi, which [illegible]ed yesterday morning, from Goa, had to [illegible]ed at Pangim, owing to an accident to [illegible]chinery. She left Wednesday night, at [illegible], after making good the defect, and is expected here early this morning.

WE regret to announce the death of Mr. Hormarji Ardeshir Hormarji Wadia, which sad event took place at his residence, Warden Road, at 9 o'clock last night. Deceased who was 40 years of age had managed the well-known Parsee firm of Messrs. B. and A. Hormarji since the death of his father. He had been suffering from throat-disease for the last two months and after a protracted illness died last evening. He leaves a widow, a son, and three daughters, and a large number of friends and relations to mourn his untimely end.

A REFERENCE having been made for the orders of the Government of India as to the levy of import duty on iron screws, the Collector of Customs at Calcutta considered that iron screws were chargeable with duty at 7 per cent. *ad valorem* under the head "Iron Nails, other sorts" while the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, was of opinion that iron screws were hardware and should be assessed at 5 per cent. *ad valorem*. The Government of India has confirmed the view taken by the Board.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending December 17, was 480, giving a death-rate of 19·76 per

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

EXTRAORDINARY WAR PREPARATIONS BY THE UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.

In the Senate, this evening, a Bill has been introduced, granting a credit of 100,000,000 dollars for an increase of one million rifles, one thousand field guns, and five thousand fort guns.

The Bill has been referred to a Military Committee.

COMMISSION TO BE APPOINTED.

The House of Representatives, this evening, unanimously passed a Bill to authorise President Cleveland to appoint a Commission on the Venezuelan question, and granted 100,000 dollars towards the expenses of the same.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

The principal French papers refuse emphatically to recognise President Cleveland's assertion regarding the Monroe doctrine.

The Continental press are mostly astounded at the demands made by President Cleveland in the Venezuelan dispute.

It is believed that the American Senate will refuse to authorise President Cleveland to appoint the Commission on the Venezuelan frontier question, desiring to control the nomination itself.

THE TURKISH TREASURY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 19.

The Turkish Treasury is empty, and the Ottoman Bank refuses to make any further advances to the Government.

FALL IN CONSOLS.

LONDON, Dec. 18.

Consols have fallen three-quarters, to-day, in London.

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST THE KACHINS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Dec. 19.

One column against the Sana Kachins left Myit-

[illegible]

The R. [illegible] this evening.

The Austrian Lloyd's [illegible] Kotz, left for Bombay, this afternoon.

HONG[illegible]

The P. and O. Company's steamer [illegible] this afternoon.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Ma[illegible] this afternoon.

COLOMBO, [illegible]

The P. and O. Company's steamer Malta left here at 8 a.m., to-day.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Khedive left here at noon, to-day, and is expected in Bombay at 4 p.m., Sunday next.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Valetta left here at midnight, to-day.

The Anchor Line steamer Britannia left Suez, for Bombay, on the 18th instant, and the same company's steamer Armenia left Liverpool for Bombay, on the same day.

The Bombay-Japan Line steamer Hiroshima Maru left Colombo, for Bombay, on the 19th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 18.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier, Surats flat.

Sugar Distillers [illegible] 3 7-9

The Manchester Market has been steady.

2½ per cents. Consols [illegible] 100⅛ ex.

2½ per cents. Reduced [illegible] 100⅛ ex.

2½ per cents. Bonded Loan [illegible] 100⅛ ex.

2½ per cents. Indian Loan [illegible] 100⅛ ex.

2½ per cents. Rupee Paper [illegible] 60½

Bar Silver [illegible] 30 2-8

The loss of about £200,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

Some time may still elapse on the [illegible] Public University to [illegible] payment students, [illegible] Too Hungary. The [illegible] matriculation [illegible] matriculated [illegible] number of [illegible] Bombay [illegible] In the [illegible] other districts.

A SENSATIONAL CASE IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 19.

A somewhat interesting case for the Parsee community of Poona as well as Bombay came before Colonel Newnham-Smith, Cantonment Magistrate of Poona, to-day. One Dadiba, the son of Mr. Cursetjee Cowasjee Mehta, the brother of Mr. Framjee, proprietor, *Kaiser-i-Hind*, a weekly Gujerati paper of Bombay, embraced Christianity on the 27th of November in Bombay. He wrote a letter to his father as well as his uncle stating that "from this date I have taken the Christian faith and am under the care of the Rev. Mr. Dixon, of the Money School, Bombay." After two days Dadiba wrote a letter to the Rev. Mr. Dixon asking his clothes back, stating "I am quite comfortable with my parents, with whom I am at present living, and I may say that there is no reason to fear that undue restraint will be practised on me." The Rev. Mr. Dixon then sent his clothes back saying: "I am only sorry for this if it deprives you of any liberty of conscience. Hold fast to your faith in Christ, your Saviour. Your relations promised me that you might be a Christian, though remaining at home. I hope that you will come to see us often. I shall not cease to think of you and pray for you, and if I knew that it was your will to rejoin us, I would make every effort for that purpose." After a lapse of three or four days, Mr. Cursetjee, the father of Dadiba, wrote a letter to the Rev. Mr. Dixon that "I have heard that you called yesterday (December 2nd) at my house, and asked to see my son. If I had been present at the time I would have told you that such inquiries on your part are impertinent and offensive, and I write this to request you to be so good as to desist from such persecution. I call your conduct a persecution, because I know with which sinister object you are trying to dog my son's footsteps. By misleading him to leave his parental home you have already plunged my family in distress, and you are adding insult to injury by what you are now doing. My son has already written to you that he is quite well, and you ought to know that he will be better taken care of by his parents than by strangers, whose only object in following him, is to induce him to do what is positively hurtful to the feelings of his family, and which must lead to his ruin. I must, therefore, request you not to call at my place again, otherwise your coming there will be considered as an insult and trespass." In the meantime, Dadiba came to Poona and lived with Mr. Dorabjee Dadabhoy Bootee, his relation, and wrote two letters, one to his father and the other to his uncle, stating: "I was very much ashamed to come to your place and see you, before I came down here. But I hope you won't mind that at all." On the 2nd December, the Rev. Mr. Dixon received a letter from Poona signed by Dadiba stating: "My parents and friends cheated you, and are now using force [illegible] brought me to Poona by force [illegible] For the sake of our Lord [illegible] something to relieve me from [illegible] under your protection. Before [illegible] heard that you or any other [illegible] can go to the High Court to issue a process [illegible] all *habeas corpus* and bring [illegible] Judge. Issue the process [illegible] whose name is Cursetjee [illegible] has no money to engage [illegible] here with your lawyer, and I will come with you. For the sake of Christ do [illegible] as they beat me every day and forced me to go to that wretched place they call Fire Temple. I have not lost my faith in our Lord Christ; hence be quick. They will perhaps remove me. My address is at Poona *Bootee Hall*. Do everything privately. They forced me to write you my last letter to you. They flogged me to write this in feigned hand." On the 5th of December the Rev. Mr. Dixon [illegible] before the Cantonment Magistrate, Poona for issue of search-warrant "That one Dadiba Cursetjee Mehta, aged eighteen, came on the 27th November last to the Church Missionary Society's Converts' Home, Bombay, and expressed his desire to become a Christian, but feared opposition in his home, and wished to remain in the Converts' Home, which he did for that night. Next day his friends came, and said his father was dangerously ill, and desired him to go with them, and see his father. After some hesitation, he went and I accompanied him. His father told me he required to let his son return with me, and I was told to leave the house. I have subsequently learnt that the said Dadiba has been removed in Poona, and is now unlawfully detained in the house of Mr. Dorabjee Dadabhoy Bootee within the jurisdiction of this court, and from a letter received from the said Dadiba, I learn that he is being ill-treated, and implores assistance and release." Colonel Newnham-Smith passed an order to issue warrant under section 100, Cr. P.C., and the person of Dadiba to be produced before this court immediately; complainant or somebody on his behalf to point out the aforesaid Dadiba. The parties then went to the Bootee Hall, and found Dadiba there. They brought him before the magistrate. Dadiba said: "I have not been detained against my will. I never wrote the letter shown to me, nor did I sign it. I believe my age to be seventeen. I wish to remain with my uncle, Mr. Dorabjee Bootee. On the 27th November I went to the Church Missionary Society's house, and I then desired to become a Christian. I came to Poona with my uncle, Mr. Dorabjee Bootee, of my own free will. There was no compulsion." The Rev. Mr. Dixon then stated: "The person now shown to me is Dadiba, for whose production I applied for warrant this morning. I have heard his statement. I wish to say that the action we took was from a letter which, I thought, emanated from him. It came by post. I wish Dadiba to act entirely according to his conviction and choice." Colonel Newnham-Smith then passed an order that Dadiba wished to remain with his uncle, and that his age seems to be seventeen.

Mr. Dorabjee Dadabhoy Bootee lodged a complaint against the Rev. Mr. Dixon before the Cantonment Magistrate, asking for sanction to prosecute him. In the complaint Mr. Bootee says: "The Rev. Dixon, of Bombay, filed a complaint wherein he falsely alleged that I was unlawfully detaining my own nephew, by name Dadiba, in my house. Without making any enquiries, or without waiting to let me produce the boy, he went to the private rooms of my said house, consisting of ladies, without warning them to [illegible] was accompanied by a European police officer and a number of other policemen, and in their presence the male members of my family and children [illegible] fear of alarm and fear of bodily injury, and they had to run out of their rooms in [illegible] I was at that time in the city, and had [illegible] in court in a certain case, as Magistrate to one of the Benches [illegible] At 2 p.m., I was informed about the [illegible] tant, and on my going to my said house, I found the same surrounded by about a hundred men there, and a large number of people at my door [illegible] that the unlawful and unjustifiable [illegible] the said Rev. W. H. Dixon has [illegible] reputation, by lowering my moral character and by lowering my character in respect of my profession [illegible] life. I, therefore, pray that under the provisions of section 155 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, sanction may be given to me to prosecute the said Rev. Dixon for offences under sections 198 and 199 of the Indian Penal Code."

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.

[illegible]men were unavoidably prevented from [illegible] Excellency the Governor's Levee [illegible]

[illegible] Parker, Surg-Lt-Col J
[illegible] Parakh, Surg-Lt-Col D N
[illegible] Pedraza, Mr O S
[illegible] Patell, Mr R M
[illegible] Smith, Major Adam, P V R Corps
[illegible] Symons, Lieut H, Bo Light Horse
[illegible] Sweet, Mr G W
[illegible] Scarpa, Mr Emil
[illegible] Sukhia, Mr N H
[illegible] Selby, Lt-Col H O
[illegible] Wadia, Mr Pestonjee N
[illegible] Wagstaff, Mr H F
[illegible] Whiting, Mr J E
[illegible] V R Zanella, Mr Charles

[illegible]lex R. King and Mr. R. D. Sethna [illegible]mitted from the list of public [illegible]d in yesterday's issue.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Levee at Calcutta on Monday night was well attended, the numbers being perhaps a little larger than usual.

No reply has yet reached the Government of India from the Amir in the matter of nominating his representative for the Chaman-Persia Delimitation Commission. It is expected shortly.

Pandit Krishn Bhan, Wazir Wazarat of Muzaffarabad, died at Domel on the 11th December. The deceased held for a long time the post of Accountant-General at Srinagar. He was granted a large jagir in 1885 by the Maharaja, in recognition of his good services to the State.

Several anniversary dinners take place in Calcutta during the next fortnight; that of the Old Cliftonians on the 21st; Coopers' Hill on the 23rd; Old Marlburians and Rugby on the 28th.

The latest weather reports give hope that the rain, which is now so urgently wanted in the Punjab is not far off. The telegrams which the Meteorological Department now receive from Persia, report a brisk fall in the barometer and rain at Bushire. A falling barometer being reported in the Indus Valley also, it is probable that a decided change in the weather in Northern India may take place in a day or two.

Arrangements are now in progress for settling matters in the Tochi Valley. The revenue will be collected as in Kuram, and certain allowances made in return to the tribal Chiefs, the terms of which have not yet been finally fixed.

The Select Committee on the Jury Bill has not yet met in Calcutta. It seems practically certain, however, that the sections regarding special verdict will be rejected by them, if indeed the Bill is proceeded with at all this session.

The new statue of the Queen has arrived at Rangoon, and the laying of the foundations is completed. It is hoped the statue will be unveiled on 1st January.

It is reported that the Mandalay-Salween Railway will be taken over by a private company on a 3 per cent. guarantee.

The river Sutlej is so low that Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick and party rode across the river. Even the tongas drove the same way without using boats.

In the irrigation of the North-West Provinces last year 168 miles of new channels were opened, of which 120 miles were drainage cuts. The annual net profit from all classes of works was Rs. 12,71,624, a decrease of nearly a lakh and a-half as compared with the previous year. The total assessments were less than those of the previous year by over nineteen lakhs.

Mr. J. D. P. White, of Reuter's Agency, Bombay, who acted in Calcutta for some time in place of Mr. Griffiths, proceeds on duty in a few days to Coolgardie, in Western Australia. Reuter has felt it necessary to have a first-class agent in the goldfields.

A sentry on the Royal Artillery guard-room at Peshawar was shot at by a native with a revolver on the night of the 12th. The sentry, retaining hold of his carbine, came to close quarters with the man, who, unfortunately, made his escape before the remainder of the guard could come to the sentry's assistance. It is not thought there could not have been a charge in the cartridge as the sentry was not hit and no trace of the bullet found.

Some ten days ago an advance party of the 38th Dogras, going from the Kohat Pass in the direction of Peshawar, were fired on from independent territory without result.

A rumour has gained currency is Assam that the three local Gurkha regiments are to be moved to Himalayan stations. The question, however, has not yet come up for decision, though it may arise in connection with the general scheme for the redistribution of the troops in India.

The 18th Bengal Infantry will be moved from Benares very shortly. After what has occurred, the authorities have concluded that it would not be advantageous either to the regiment itself or to the place to leave them to finish their usual round of service at that station.

The statement that there may shortly be a dearth of kerosine-oil in Calcutta is true in part only, says a contemporary. It is said that only 18 lakhs of cases were in stock on the 1st instant, and that only five more lakhs are expected up to April 1st; and that as the consumption is four lakhs monthly the supply will be practically exhausted by the time the hot weather sets in. There is one inaccuracy here: the out-take from the stock in the cold weather months is only about 2½ lakhs and not four, as the supplies for the period December-March are usually purchased in October and November, which are the busiest months of the year. It is the supply of the Russian oil which will be curtailed, as six miles of railway between Baku and Batoum have been washed away, and several bridges have been destroyed. The latest reports from Batoum state that the line will be so repaired, temporary diversions and bridges being made, as to permit of traffic being resumed by the middle of February. Thereafter there will be great shipments of oil from the Black Sea port, and stocks in India will be replenished. As petroleum has now become a most popular oil in this country, it would be a misfortune if any check were given to its consumption by the supply running short even for a few months.

His Highness the Maharaja of Darbhanga has generously contributed a sum of Rs. 1,500 to the Library of the Society for the Higher Training of Young Men, with the stipulation that the amount shall be expended in books on Indian history. The library is deficient in this and other branches of literature, and we are asked to state that the Honorary Secretary, Professor C. R. Wilson, will gladly receive contributions, either in shape of money or books, towards completing the collection.

In Bengal last year the proportion of European to Native Municipal Commissions remained stationary at under 10 per cent. In Burma it is 27·1, having fallen slightly from that of the previous year. The official element on Burma municipalities is also smaller. The fact that the number of elected members is greater by fifteen than in 1893-94 is taken by the Chief Commissioner as a sign that the Burman municipal population is becoming slightly more interested in local self-government.

During the year 1894, there were 234 reported wrecks and casualties in Indian waters, showing a slight increase over the past five years. The number of lives lost was 81 as compared with 170 in 1893. Of this number, 63 perished in the Setthi, a Siamese steamer, which was abandoned and finally wrecked on the coast of Burma. The tonnage lost—5,180—was the smallest shown since 1865: the loss of the Lanark, a British screw steamer, of 1,973 tons register on the Sacramento shoal, on the Madras coast, having added very materially to swell the year's figure. The other vessels lost were either British Indian or Native craft of small tonnage.

In the course of a long review on Captain Younghusband's *Relief of Chitral*, the *Observer* makes the following curious statement regarding the Budhist road which was so opportunely hit off by the 60th Rifles in storming the Malakand:—"It may be mentioned that in a work written expressly for the India Office by the distinguished Orientalist, Major Raverty, the existence of this road was distinctly pointed out, with the object of ensuring that future military surveyors or pioneers who might chance to find themselves in those regions, might utilise it in case of need." If such was indeed the case it is but one more instance of that curious mania which has arisen with the Indian Government of treasuring up in deadly secrecy all sorts of odds and ends of information which had much better be published on the house-tops.

M. Raiberti, reporter to the French Chamber on the estimates of the Foreign Office, makes allusion in his report to British attempts in Egypt to substitute the teaching of the English language for French. He enumerates among unsettled questions that of the valley of the Nile, the delimitation of the French sphere in the bend of the Niger, the indemnities due to Frenchmen for losses caused by the Royal Niger Company and for the Uganda massacres, and the evacuation by Great Britain of Mongsin, on the left bank of the Mekong.

The salaries received by Russian diplomats representing the Great Northern Empire at Foreign Courts are not on nearly so large a scale as those enjoyed by her Britannic Majesty's representatives abroad, although they compare favourable (says the *Daily News*) with the rate of remuneration paid to the envoys of certain other European Powers. The Russian Ambassadors at Berlin, Vienna, Constantinople, London, and Paris, receive each 50,000 roubles per annum, whilst their colleague at the Court of King Humbert has to be satisfied with the lesser sum of 40,000 roubles. The Russian Ministers at Washington, Tokio, Madrid, and Pekin are each paid 30,000 roubles a year; the post at Teheran is worth 25,000 roubles; and those at Athens, Brussels, the Hague, Copenhagen, Mexico, Munich, and Stockholm, 20,000 roubles each. The Russian Ministers resident at Bucharest, Belgrade, Lisbon, Rio de Janeiro, and Stuttgart each receive 18,000 roubles; the Special Envoy to the Vatican, 12,000 roubles; the Ministers to Dresden and Cettinje, 10,000 roubles each; and those at Weimar and Darmstadt, respectively, 8,000 roubles.

Everyone joined the other day in wishing the veteran actress Mrs. Keeley many happy returns of the day. No one would have congratulated her more heartily than Charles Dickens, had he lived. They were close friends, and, in her time, Mrs. Keeley has played many of his characters. A story told by the late Mr. Montagu Williams in his "Later Leaves" is so good that it will stand repetition. Mrs. Keeley's daughter was Mr. Williams's wife, and in his report of an interview with his mother-in-law that bright and genial old lady is reported as saying:—"Dickens superintended the rehearsals of 'Nicholas Nickleby,' but I don't think he cared much about any of his works being dramatised. The plays were mere paste and scissors, done by old Stirling, and, at rehearsal, the novelist knocked them about pretty considerably, always effecting an improvement. I remember that in 'Nicholas Nickleby' the adapter had put into Smike's mouth a lot of stuff about 'the little robins in the field'; and I shall never forget Dickens's face when he heard me repeating these lines. Turning to the prompter, he said, 'D—n the robins; cut them out. What a remarkably pleasant and genial fellow he was! Our children and his were a good deal together then. We all went down to the Isle of Wight for our holiday together, and I passed some of the pleasantest days that I ever remember at Bonchurch." That the novelist always respected and appreciated Mrs. Keeley is evident from his letters, which show that he remembered her with pleasure to the end of his life.

A pleasant story illustrative of the Pope's kindliness is told by the *Morning*. It seems that not long ago an English lady, a Protestant, with her little son, aged eleven, and her daughter, obtained an audience of the Pope through the good offices of Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State. The latter invited the boy to kiss the Pope's slippers. "We don't kiss people's feet in England," said the little fellow "but he's a nice old gentleman, and I'll kiss his hand, if he likes." The Pope was delighted with the little fellow's answer, and paid him several compliments in Italian.

The late Sir Henry Ponsonby's skill in parrying indiscreet questions is happily illustrated by an anecdote quoted in the *Morning*. "Is it true," asked a German journalist, who was being shown over the Indian room at Osborne, "that Princess——is to be married to Prince——?" Sir Henry eyed the correspondent curiously, and, with a quiet smile, replied, "I have not seen the engagement announced." "But," urged the Teuton, "I have heard it on excellent authority." "In that case," replied Sir Henry, with crushing civility, "you have no need of further information on the subject."

Sir Robert Rawlinson, K.C.B., is said to be the only man who has been knocked off his horse by a cannon ball without being killed. Lady Rawlinson has preserved the identical forty-two pound shot, and she has just been telling the *Woman at Home* how her husband's life was practically saved by a little act of politeness. When at the Crimea he was riding out with some artillery officers, when he announced his intention to a captain hard by of not going any further, and raised his cap, saying, "Good morning." Just at this moment a huge shot from the Russians came whizzing along in front of him, cutting the reins, the pommel of the saddle, and wedging a steel purse with terrific force against the rider's hip-bone, making a cruel flesh wound. "Had my husband not raised his arm to take his cap off," said Lady Rawlinson, "his right arm would have been shot off; so you see that he actually saved his life by one little courteous action."

A writer in the *New Age*, who gives some personal reminiscences of Emerson, tells two stories of his loss of memory towards the end. "Showing me a portrait of Oliver Wendell Holmes, he said, 'You know this man—I have forgotten his name,; yet he had known Holmes for half-a-century. One day he was observed to be looking for something, and, on being asked what it was he sought, he replied, 'I cannot tell its name, but it is something people take away with them and forget to return.' He was searching for an umbrella."

The Transvaal Government fixed Sunday, the 2nd inst., as a day "for the people to humiliate themselves under the chastening hand of God on account of the numerous plagues, such as locusts, sickness amongst human beings and cattle, and diseases in the crops, and the prolonged drought in various places, etc.; and to pray Him to mercifully avert the plagues and sicknesses from our people." The proclamation seems to have caused some criticism in Johannesburg, which is not surprising. There many persons are believed to be past praying for.

The Political Officer, Capt. Donald Stewart, whom it is proposed to instal as Resident at Coomassie, is (says a contemporary) the son of Field-Marshal Sir Donald Stewart. It was Capt. Stewart who recently went to Coomassie to deliver the ultimatum. Major Marshall, Royal Irish Fusiliers, who joins the composite battalion, was in the Tamaku expedition three years ago, and gained a brevet majority for services under Col. Madden in the expedition to the Gambia, being twice mentioned in despatches and subsequently promoted from the West India Regiment to a majority in the Royal Irish Fusiliers. Major H. P. Northcott, Leinster Regiment, who accompanies the force, is also an old "West Indian" and a former fort Adjutant at Sierra Leone. He was with the "2nd West" in the Sherbro expedition in 1883 (mentioned in despatches), and has since served on the staff in South Africa. A third officer of the "West India" in Capt. P. T. Westmoreland, at present on probation in the Army Pay Department, has had his services accepted because of the good work he did in the Gambian expedition, when his company carried the town of Busambala at the point of the bayonet, and subsequently shared in the storming of the stockade at Jambur. Viscount Wolseley has a relative going out in the person of Surg.-Major Wolseley.

The opinions of the local Maritime Governments having been invited as to whether the practice of mixing spirit in bond with water before exportation was open to such objection that the sanction required by section 100 of the Sea Customs Act VIII. of 1878 should be withheld generally and the practice disallowed, the Governments of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay and the Chief Commissioner of Burma replied expressing different opinions. The Governor-General in Council, however, agrees in the opinion of the Government of Bombay, and considers that there is no necessity for allowing the practice of mixing spirit in bond with water in the case of spirit for home consumption. The practice may be permitted in the case of spirit intended for exportation from bond, but not in regard to other spirits.

THE UNVEILING OF LORD REAY'S STATUE.

SPEECH BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

Last evening his Excellency Lord Sandhurst performed the interesting ceremony of unveiling the statue of Lord Reay. An enclosure was made round the statue under the direction and superintendence of Mr. S. Rebsch, Executive Engineer for the Presidency, and in this enclosure arrangements were made for the accommodation of those who were invited to attend the ceremony. The enclosure was crowded with a large and brilliant assembly of European and Native ladies and gentlemen, the scene being most animated, gay, and picturesque. There were two entrances to the enclosure, and on the entrance facing the north a small coat of arms was placed. Plants in flower and foliage and clusters of evergreens made the interior look pleasant, while a row of closely-packed flower-pots was formed outside the enclosure. The ground was carpeted, and the main passage from the carriage way to the *dais* erected by the side of the statue was covered with scarlet cloth. Continuous lines of choice plants in pots and tubs made the scene a pleasant one. Sofas and chairs covered with yellow satins and a large number of bentwood chairs provided excellent accommodation for those present. Flags and bannerets and festoons of flowers were hung all round the enclosure. A guard-of-honour supplied by the 21st Marine Battalion with Band and colours was stationed outside the enclosure, and presented arms on the arrival of Lord Sandhurst, in company of Earl and Lady Spencer, the band playing the National Anthem. As the Rajabai Tower clock chimed the hour of five, the carriage of the Governor drew up at the entrance. On alighting, Lord Sandhurst was received by Sir Jamshedji Jijibhoy, Bart., Mr. A. F. Beaufort, Mr. John Marshall, the Hon'ble Mr. Nowroji N. Wadia, C. I. E., and other members of the Committee. His Excellency was conducted to a seat on the dais, which was covered over, the coat of arms being placed on one side of it. On the right of Lord Sandhurst was seated Lady Spencer, and Earl Spencer on the left. Amongst those present were:—

Sir Jamshedji Jejeebhoy, H. H. Agakhan, the Hon. Mr. H. M. Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Farran, Chief Justice, the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy, the Hon. T. B. Kirkham, Sir James Walker, the Hon. Mr. N. N. Wadia, the Hon. Mr. Setalwad, Sir Jehangier Cowasji Jehangier, Dewan Bahadur Manibhai Jasbhai, the Hon. Mr. Justice B. Tayabji, the Hon. Mr. Justice Ranade, Messrs. A. F. Beaufort, George Cotton, John Marshall, Abas Ali Baig, Dr. P. Peterson, Dr. D. Mackichan, Messrs. R. H. Vincent, Ghellabhai Haridas, Rev. Mr. Scott, Rev. Mr. Jack, Rev. Father Noti, Rev. Father Dreckmann, Messrs. S. Rebsch, Mc L. Slater, Alfred King, P. C. H. Snow, M. C. Murzban, J. Leask, F. Nicols, Karimbhoy Ibrahim, Vandravandas Parshotamdas, Noormahomed Jairajbhoy, Dustur Jamaspji Minocher, Dr. Bhalchandra, Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed, Dr. Prabhakar, Messrs. Byramji N. Seervai, Dhakji Kassinath, Shivji Dharmaji, K. R. Kama, Dadabhoy K. Kateli, E. J. Davar, Jeejeebhoy Edulji Mody, Fazulbhoy Joomabhoy Lalji, R. M. Sayani, Dastoor Dorab Peshotun Sanjana, Dr. T. B. Nariman, Dr. R. N. Khory, Dr. A. D. Mody, Messrs. Sundernath Dinnanath Khote, Mahomed Hussin Hakim, Jamshedjee C. Kama, N. M. Wadia, Munsookhram M. Munshi, Phythian, Rusteem P. Jehangier, H. H. Akbarshah, Dr. Dinshaw B. Master, Dr. Meherji R. Sethna, Messrs. Ruttonshah Dadabhoy, Mulji Bhawanidas, N. G. Chandavarker, Damodar Tapidas, Vijbukandas Atmaram, Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, Messrs. R. D. Sethna, Eduljee R. Reporter, Fazulbhoy Meherulli Chinoy, Dr. K. N. Bahadurji, Dr. da Gama, the Persian Consul-General, Messrs. J. Douglas, S. Tomlinson, Daji Abaji Khare, F. R. Joshi, B. Bhicaji, and Dr. Kuntak.

The proceedings commenced by the Honourable Mr. N. N. Wadia giving an account of the fund, In requesting his Excellency to unveil the statue, the Hon. Mr. Wadia said:—

Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,—We have solicited your attendance here to-day that you might, by your gracious presence and countenance, enhance the importance of the ceremony of the unveiling of this statue designed to perpetuate amongst us in a material form the memory of one who in his period of office, as representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, earned the profound respect and the deep and abiding affection of all classes of the community of this Presidency. Some unavoidable delay has occurred in carrying into effect the wishes of the numerous subscribers to the fund, but regrettable as this may be in some respects, the interval which has elapsed has only served to testify, as time and experience alone can, to the upright, beneficent and at the same time eminently useful and practical character of his administration. As was to be expected from his previous training and experience, education in all its branches, literary, scientific and technical, claimed Lord Reay's keen interest and fostering care, and almost from the moment of his first taking up the rôles of Government in 1885, the cause of education received a vigorous impulse and rapid development. Amongst the educational institutions which either owe their initiation to or matured during Lord Reay's Government, I might instance the Laboratory at the Poona College of Science, the Art Workshop at the Sir J. J. School of Art, the establishment of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, the scheme for honorary physicians and surgeons at the Sir J. J. Hospital, the attension to the College for Kathiawar Chiefs, the support to the Anjumani Islam Schools, the Madressa in Sind, the Gymnasiums at Bombay and at Broach, besides others which I need not now enumerate. His Lordship's deep sympathy with suffering humanity also led him to extend his aid and the support of Government to numerous schemes and hospitals for the benefit of the sick and invalid poor, and in that connection I would instance the New European General Hospital, the Sir D. M. Petit's Hospital for Children, the Albless Obstetric Hospital, the Bai Motibai Hospital for Women, the Quarters for Nurses at the Sir J. J. and Cama Hospitals, the Jaffer Suleman Dispensary, the Powwala, the Murbad, the Bassein, and the Wada Dispensaries.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

Nor did the material welfare of the Presidency escape his Lordship's assiduous care and thoughtfulness, for, impressed with the necessity of developing road and railway communication throughout the Presidency, he persistently pressed upon the Government of India the importance of sanctioning the extension of the B. B. and C. I. Railway by the construction of the Godhra-Rutlam link, while outside the British territory he steadily encouraged Native princes to expend money on railway construction, as a duty which they owed to their subjects and the country at large. The construction of the line from Mohsana to Viramgaum was a direct result of the friendly relations between Lord Reay and the Gaekwar, while the Kolhapore State Railway owed its commencement in 1888 largely to the consistent support of his Lordship. The Jetalsar-Verawal and the Dhoraji-Porebunder lines were completed during Lord Reay's administration. Nor were the primary means of communication, the roads, bridges, and fences neglected. In spite of the general policy of retrenchment enforced upon Government, some twenty-one lakhs of rupees were expended during the year 1885-1890 on roads, bridges, and fences, the most important of these being the Ellis Bridge at Ahmedabad—a work greatly needed for the sake of the town and the district surrounding it. To Lord Reay's Government we also owe the pecuniary provision for building the police courts and for improvements in the administration of justice at a time when the monetary demands of the Government of India upon the provincial revenues were heavy and urgent. His Lordship, moreover, was always accessible to those who had any proposals to submit likely to result in benefit to the community at large, and his frequent consultation with individuals and Corporations beyond the strict influence of Government was doubtless productive of enormous advantages, while it evidenced the untiring assiduity and conscientious care which he devoted to the practical details of Government and to every deserving cause. To be brief, from whatever standpoint we view his Lordship's career, whether as head of the Government of Bombay, or as a private individual, we find he has left landmarks which are deeply engraved upon the minds of the more enlightened portion of the population as strong proof of his eminently beneficial and philanthropic administration.

THE WORK OF THE COMMITTEE.

From the time that the erection of the statue was decided upon, the question of a site claimed the anxious attention of the committee, and they received every support and facility for their selection from Lord Harris, who evinced a strong personal interest in the matter. At the suggestion of Lord Reay it was decided to refer the matter to a committee, and they, after careful consideration of several more or less ligible positions, recommended, and Lord Harris after careful personal inspection approved of the position now occupied. It will not be out of place here to give an account of the funds raised. A sum of Rs. 47,943-12-0 was subscribed, of which Rs. 47,150-12-0 were collected, and exchange being favourable advantage was taken of it to remit £3,000 at the rate 15 15-16 to Sir Frank Forbes Adam, who kindly undertook to invest the money in England at interest until required. Out of the balance Rs. 6,000 were invested with the Hongkong Bank at Bombay. The contract with Mr. Alfred Gilbert, R. A., was for £2,500, and the expenses of freight, etc., came to £74-16-8. After paying for these Sir Frank was enabled to return (including interest on the investment, which amounted to £327-2-6) £752-5-10. The cost of foundations for the pedestal, landing, forwarding, and erection of the statue and other charges, such as expenses in connection with this ceremony, printing, advertisement, &c., will, it is estimated, amount to Rs. 3,200, leaving a probable balance of Rs. 18,500. A meeting of subscribers will be called in a few days to dispose of this balance. The thanks of the subscribers are due to Sir Frank Forbes Adam, Kt., C. I. E., for the great interest and trouble he has taken in furthering their object, and to the Port Trust authorities, and the Presidency Executive Engineer and his staff for help rendered in the erection of the statue and the arrangements for this ceremony. The committee trust that their efforts to give Bombay, not only a work of art, but also a faithful image in bronze of one of the most beloved of our Governors, will be found satisfactory. It now only remains for me to request your Excellency to unveil the statue.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

Lord Sandhurst, who was received with cheers, in unveiling the statue, said:—

Mr. Wadia, Ladies and Gentlemen,—It is not a very easy thing to speak to a gathering in the open air, and I am by no means certain that my voice will reach to the extreme limits of the gathering, but I shall do my best and shall not detain you very long. It will seem to us all that this ceremony has been long delayed, it is nearly six years since Lord Reay left Bombay, but several incidents contributed to the delay. The work was first entrusted to Sir E. Boehm, and after negotiations had been come to and matters arranged that distinguished artist died. Then negotiations were open with Mr. Gilbert, who has stepped into Sir E. Boehm's place as the most distinguished sculptor in England, but then again work of a more urgent and pressing nature that could not be set aside came to Mr. Gilbert, and Lord Reay's statue had to be set aside, later a cast was made that failed, and finally another cast was made resulting in the statue that I shall presently unveil, and upon which as a work of art I can sincerely congratulate Mr. Gilbert, R. A., Lord Reay, and the city of Bombay. It arrived last March I believe. I was ready then to perform the ceremony but those who knew best considered it would be best deferred till now. The site chosen is an admirable one, in close proximity to the statue of a former Governor, a true veteran of the I. C. S., and in the chosing of a site none took a more generous interest than Lord Harris. I hear there is still a considerable balance in the hands of the committee, and after they have consulted with the subscribers, I have little doubt, that a useful method of laying it out will be found. There are certainly plenty of opportunities in Bombay. Gentlemen, as well as being a duty, it is a great pleasure to me to unveil this statue. I have enjoyed Lord Reay's friendship for many years. At home we sympathise in nearly all, I should think all, the political and social questions of the day. In Bombay many of the matters in which he took so keen an interest are no less interesting to me, though I confess that I shall fall far short of the ability he was able to bring to bear on them. I knew well the earnest side of his character and the gentle nature which underlay the whole—that he was accessible, his sympathetic energy in supporting and guiding young movements. his detestation of all that was harsh and overbearing and his great sympathy with a deep feeling for the mass of humanity, who are not in a position to help themselves. You, will therefore, see that I use no empty phrase when I say it is a pleasure to me to be here to-day. Mr. Wadia has mentioned to you a number of the matters, some matured, some originated, and concluded during the Governorship of Lord Reay. The list of hospitals built, begun, or enlarged are in themselves a concrete testimony to the success of one aspect of his Governorship. Again technical education made considerable advance under his guiding influence, and in regard to these various buildings I would say that they of themselves are lasting monuments to his name and to the vigorous energy of Lord Reay. It is no doubt true that some, perhaps many, of these institutions owe their existence to the generosity of some of the citizens of Bombay, notably to the Petit family, to whom this fair city owes so much, but there again in these matters not only here, but at home and other parts of the world, the personality of a man in the position of a Governor has much to do not only in guiding the generous spirit which prompts the gifts but also by his readiness in discerning and stimulating a spirit of public duty in those who are in a position to benefit their surroundings and fellow-creatures. I suppose there is little doubt that the greatest legislative work of Lord Reay's Government was

THE MUNICIPAL ACT.

To what I have termed the many movements of Lord Reay this achievement may well be added. This Act was passed because the former Act was found to be imperfect, confusion, and inadequate to guide the Municipal administration; its construction, as its length shows, was an enormous labour; it was discussed in the Legislative Council with the greatest thoroughness, but throughout with moderation and good sense, and in its final shape it embodied the collective wisdom of many who were fully competent to advise upon it. That it has worked well is, I believe, beyond question. It has systematised the Municipal administration, and by so doing has accelerated Municipal progress. This is no small thing to have achieved. I venture to assert that the Municipal business of this city is carried on under the provisions of this Act with efficiency. That this Bill of so complex and difficult a character, has been go successful results no doubt in great measure from Lord Reay's foresight and controlling influence when it was going through its various stages. Again another direction in which Lord Reay's best energies were directed was education. I should doubt whether there has been a more distinguished or erudite Chancellor of the University of Bombay, it is no disparagement to his predecessors or successor to say this. He was indeed well qualified, having been already Vice-Chancellor of the University of St. Andrew's. He was well versed in the system of education of the British isles in the continent of Europe. He knew well the general advantages for technical education, and realised that here amid so many industries and manufactures there was a wide field for its development. Lord Reay was in fact an enthusiastic supporter of education in all its branches. I referred just now to the Municipal Act. Amongst other reforms that Act provides that the control of education in the city of Bombay shall lie with a committee or school board partly elected by the Corporation, and in this regard it may be well to recall a sentence of Lord Reay's in his winding-up speech on the final or passing stage of the Bill. "But I would further point to the fact that we have in this Bill made the Corporation largely responsible for the control of primary education. It would be unpardonable if Government handed over this great trust to a body in which they had a limited confidence. The Corporation has very grave responsibilities, but of those perhaps the most formidable is the organisation of a system of primary education which will satisfy the wants of all sections of the community, and which will tend to the advantage of future generations in this city. The success of local self-government is tested in most countries by the character of their primary schools, and a strong emulation exists between their great towns. We invite the Corporation to join in this contest. It is a forward step. It gives to this Bill the character of a progressive measure. We are confident that it will be attended with beneficial results." These are earnest and weigh

A. F. Beaufort, in proposing a vote of thanks to Lord Sandhurst, said:—Your Excellency,—As Chairman of the executive committee of the Lord Reay Memorial Fund, the pleasant task now devolves upon me of thanking your Excellency, on behalf of the subscribers, for the honour you have done them in attending this evening and unveiling this statue, the work of one of England's greatest sculptors, of him who for five years ruled over the destinies of this Presidency. In thanking your Excellency most cordially for the honour you have done us, I am, I feel sure, expressing the regret of all here present that the calls of duty elsewhere have prevented her Excellency Lady Sandhurst accompanying you. But our loss has been a gain to St. George's Hospital.

His Excellency, in reply, said: I have already said that it has given me great pleasure to perform the ceremony this afternoon, and it is one of that nature which recommends itself to me perhaps more than great many others, because it is a standing testimony to the fact that when a man has laboured for five years, he is never to be forgotten even after he has left these shores. I shall communicate to Lord Reay by cable, informing him of the success that has attended the function this afternoon and of the large concourse of people, whom I beg once more to congratulate on the success. (Applause.)

The assembly then dispersed.

THE TURKISH CRISIS.

A GENTLEMAN who has had diplomatic experience in Turkey forwards us a list of the existing Ministry at Constantinople, and writes:—It appears that Said Pasha, regarding whom so much has been heard lately, is only the President of the Council, and has no political importance. You will have observed that the Russian Ambassador's advice procured the admission of the Guardships into the Dardanelles. I am very sorry to see that our influence at the Porte has passed away, and it is to be hoped that our Foreign Office when they want another Ambassador will select a military officer from the Political Department of India, a man who is accustomed to lead and deal with Asiatics, instead of taking a civilian without experience from the Foreign Office. I suppose the English Government will now realise the fact that the intervention of the Powers caused a rebellion, and that the lives of numbers of Armenians have been sacrificed in consequence. It is very unpleasant to learn that the revolt was planned and carried out at the instigation of a clique located in England. You will observe that a great number, indeed almost all the working men in the Turkish Cabinet, are Armenians. Russia is not likely to let England interfere in Turkish affairs any more than she can help, and the English people will realise at no distant date that Turkey, as a market, will be closed to our goods, and then they will be able to contemplate the wisdom of interfering in other people's affairs.

The list of Turkish Ministers sent by our correspondent is as follows:—

1 Khalil Rafat Pasha—Prime Minister.
2 Arafi Pasha—Public Works Minister.
3 Abdul Rahman Pasha—Minister of Justice.
4 Yaza Pasha—Minister of War.
5 Hasen Pasha—Minister of Marine.
6 Said Pasha—President of the Council of State.
7 Towfik Pasha—Foreign Minister.
8 Main-Fooh Pasha—Minister of the Interior.
9 Gharib Pasha—Minister of Endowments.
10 Mehdi Pasha—Minister of Education.
11 Mahomed Jelaluddin Pasha—Minister of Trade and P. W. D.
12 Sabir Pasha—Minister of Finance.

ARMENIANS.

1 H. E. Michael Pasha Portakel—Minister of Civil List.
2 H. E. Arton Pasha Dadin—Councillor to Foreign Office.
3 H. E. Gabriel Bey—Vakil in Legal Department.
4 H. E. Nitchen Bey—Foreign Press.
5 Kurkoor Hader Bey—Director of Accounts.
6 Adhan Effendi—National Secretary.
7 Hetchek Bey—Telegrapher.
8 Papezen—Assistant, Foreign Press.
9 Michael Effendi—Translator of the Cabinet.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

THE annual cleek handicap competition in connection with this club took place, yesterday morning, the competitors only being allowed the use of a cleek and an iron. The handicap allowances in ordinary competitions were reduced in this match, eight being the limit instead of nine. The best score was one of 44, done by Mr. Bice, and as he had an allowance of 5 he was an easy winner with a net score of 39. Messrs. H. B. Blackwell and F. H. Brown tied for second place, their respective scores being 47—5=42, and 50—8=42. The scores handed in were as follows:—

		Score.	Points.	Nett.
1	A E Bice	44	—5*	39
2	F H Brown	50	—8	42
	H B Blackwell	47	—5	42
4	H S Reid	48	—5	43
5	Capt Chamier	48	—4	44
	J M Heyn	50	—6	44
7	E B Raikes	45	Sc.	45
	P H Merryweather	51	—6	45
9	F J Nathan	52	—6	46
	W C Nigel-Jones	54	—8	46
	G W Talbot	48	—2	46
12	C E Nixon	50	—3	47
13	E C Luard	53	—5	48
14	L J Robertson	50	Sc.	50

SALE OF WORK AT ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.

A SALE of work for the benefit of the All Saints' Community and its work in Bombay, was held at St. George's Hospital, by the kind permission of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Boyd, and will be continued to-day and to-morrow afternoon. Her Excellency Lady Sandhurst performed the opening ceremony. Her Ladyship, accompanied by an A.-D.-C., arrived at the hospital, at 4 o'clock, and declared the sale open. There were five stalls for the sale of work, consisting of children's clothes, fancy work, and Christmas presents, and one was a refreshment stall. Mrs. Candy was in charge of No. I. stall, where Mrs. Dimmock and Mrs. Alexander also assisted. Mrs. Arnott was in charge of the 2nd Stall, and was assisted by Mrs. Hatch. The 3rd Stall was in charge of Mrs. Scott, with whom was Mrs. Simpson. Mrs. Norman Olivier superintended the 4th Stall, being assisted by Mrs. Maynard, Miss King, and Miss Moorhouse. The 5th Stall was under Mrs. Lang and Miss MacCartie's care. Mrs Weighell looked after the refreshment stall, having for her helpers Mrs. Hojel, Mrs. Gervin, Mrs. Prevost, Miss Hughes, and Miss Miller. Some of the articles for sale were sent out from England, but the bulk were presents from charitably-disposed residents of Bombay. The sale was brisk in the evening, and the stall-keepers feel sure that the prices being very low and the articles being obtainable cheaper than in English shops, the stalls will be empty by Saturday evening. The Band of the Royal Irish Rifles was in attendance, and played a selection of music during the afternoon. The sale will be continued to-day and to-morrow.

THE full staff of the Mandalay-Kunlon Ferry line is as follows:—Mr. Bagley, Engineer-in-Chief, with Messrs. Edston, Lilly, and Rowland as Executive Engineers, and Lieutenants Watt-Jones, Hopkins, and Manser, Royal Engineers, and Messrs. Richards, Despeisses, Young and Mackenzie, Haughton and Allum as Assistant Engineers.

THE South Indian Railway seems anxious to follow the good example of other railways in the matter of lighting passenger-trains with gas. The Government of India has been applied to by the Agent to sanction an allotment for inclusion in the Budget for 1896-97 for the purchase of an apparatus for the manufacture and supply of Pintsch's gas.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Chest and Stomach Complaints.—The source and centre of almost every ailment is impurity of the blood; dislodge this poison, and disease departs. Holloway's Pills exercise the inestimable power of thoroughly cleansing each component part of the blood, and rendering this fluid fit to perform its important functions. They cope most successfully with chest diseases, stomach complaints, liver disorders, and many other maladies, which were once the besetting dangers of mankind at certain seasons in town and country. The directions for use enable everyone to regulate the operation of these Pills with the greatest nicety. Chronic invalids, nervous sufferers, and all whom other treatment has failed to relieve, are respectfully invited to try Holloway's celebrated medicine, which will strengthen and cure them.

THE STATE OF AFFAIRS IN PORTUGUESE INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, DEC. 17.

CAPTAIN MENDONÇA and Lieutenant Lemos, who had surrendered themselves with the garrison at Sanquelim to the deserters, and were subsequently released from the Fort at Nanus, are to be tried by court-martial. It is stated that on the departure of the Duke of Oporto a military post of 100 soldiers will be established at Valpoi, where a barrack is being erected for their accommodation. In the meantime the Custom House has been utilised for that purpose. The recovery of the revenue has been backward throughout Goa, especially in Novas Conquistas, where the land-tax is to be introduced, and the Secretary to the Revenue Department has been ordered to collect the impost from next year. The relations between his Excellency the Governor-General and his Grace the Patriarch-Archbishop have been strained since the solemn mass at Campal before the troops left for Satary. The cause of this, it appears, was that the Patriarch-Archbishop was requested to delay the mass half-an-hour later than the time advertised in the *Boletim Official*. The Patriarch did not consent, and the Governor-General arrived after the mass was over. Some angry words were exchanged between the parties, and were followed by correspondence which, instead of bridging the breach, widened it still more. As there is no local tribunal to decide the dispute, the matter was referred to the higher authorities in Portugal. No decision, it appears, has been received, but rumours are circulated that his Excellency the Governor-General has been recalled, and Mr. Augusto de Castillas is pointed out as the probable successor according to some, and Mr. Vasco de Guedes according to others. There is at present no confirmation, and the rumour may prove to be unfounded. The wish may be the father to the thought, and the story of the recall of the Governor-General may only be the production of the imagination of the parties concerned. The new Administrator of Bardez has made changes in the appointment of some Regedores. The nominees generally appear to belong to the Progressist party. Mr. F. A. O. Chos has been appointed Auditor-General to the Council of the Commander-in-Chief. The latest news received from Portugal by the last mail is to the effect that the result of the General Elections has been in favour of the Regenerador party; Mr. T. Barbosa has received orders to proceed to Goa to relieve Mr. Navarro; the gunboat Tejo was coming to relieve the Rio de Lima, bringing war materials which the War Office in the hurry of the despatch of the expedition forgot to put on board the transport Zaira when she left for Goa. Fortunately there was no need for the use of bullets and ammunition for the suppression of the revolt. Messrs. Joaquim Antonio Da Rosa and Jose Antonio de Menezes have been appointed first and second substitutes to the District Judge of Ilhas. Mr. J. S. Frederico do R. da Costa, of the Post Office Department, has been dismissed for absenting himself from the Post Office at Conacona, and Mr. F. X. Alvares Furtado has been transferred to Damaun. A committee, composed of Messrs. F. d'Assa, Gomes da Costa, and Jose Antonio Leite, has been appointed to choose a place for the erection of a new cemetery for the parish of St. Ignez.

GOANESE PLUCK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent, who signs himself a "Goese," perhaps meant Goese, for I never before heard the "native of Goa styled Goese—they are rather Goans or Goanese. However, this is a trivial point for discussion. But I really cannot make out what your correspondent means by stating that "my suggestion is too large a pill for the Portuguese community to swallow." Why, then, was the Vigilance Committee appointed? Surely, not to sleep, and only run on board the steamer when she arrived in Bombay with the Prince, or Duke of Ayenco; and see their names in the newspapers. Every Goanese is a Portuguese, no matter what may be his colour, and if one signs himself a Portuguese he cannot be considered a traitor! The sedition is said to be on the part of the "Natives" of Goa against their "European" brethren, both Portuguese, having colours, and therefore, the natives of Goa, through the members of the Vigilance Committee, should now protest against the charge of sedition, especially if the heinous charges against the present Governor are true, which I am not prepared to admit. I fear the members of the Grand Vigilance Commission have lost all pluck, and are now shivering through fear of confiscation of their properties in Goa or cancelment of their titles and honours, if they dared to come forward against the present Government. I repeat, it is cowardice to remain silent at the present juncture if the Governor is really dealing unjustly with the natives, and should they remain dumb, it will confirm my opinion that the accusations are false.—Yours, &c.,

Dec. 19. A PORTUGUESE.

OBJECTIONABLE DRAINAGE CONNECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—There is a question, "Who is responsible for the nuisance created by halalkores" which I request the Municipal Corporators to take into their consideration. Since the introduction of water-traps behind the privies the halalkores seem to be very fortunate. They go to remove the nightsoil early in the morning, that is, when there is no light and no one to detect them. Instead of removing the nightsoil in their own baskets and taking it away at a long distance to its proper place, they throw it into the water-trap. The water-trap, being thus filled up daily, is choked, resulting in the accumulation of filth. In order to remove this dirty water the house-owner is obliged to engage the services of the same halalkore who made the nuisance, by paying him extra charges for his kindly. reprimanded for his carelessness, he becomes most intolerable. Thus he becomes a gainer in two ways, firstly by shortening his work, and, secondly, by forcing the house-owner to pay him for removing the dirt which he himself caused to accumulate. Seeing that the halalkore was persistent in making the nuisance every now and then, the house-owner asks the aid of the Municipal authorities, who, instead of ordering the removal of the dirt caused by their servants, serve the owner with a notice to remove it within a specified period, or in default to suffer the penalty specified in the Municipal Act, as if the owner himself committed the nuisance. Now, there must be something in the Act regulating the responsibility of house-owners, or the authorities must be taking a different view of the sections of the Act which impose penalty on house-owners. Is it right to hold a house-owner responsible for the fallacies of the Municipal servants? Are they not liable for the cost of cleaning the drains and pipes which are choked up for want of proper supervision? Why the tax-payer is charged halalkore tax, if not to remove the dirt and nightsoil from the privies? I, therefore, put the same question again, "Who is responsible for the nuisance created by the halalkore?"—Yours, &c.,

Dec. 18. V.

THE CONGRESS MEETING AND THE PRESS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In continuation of my letter of Tuesday last, it now gives me pleasure to announce that the Working Committee of the Congress have been able to make arrangements for the free admission of all representatives of the weekly press.—Yours, &c.,

Dec. 19. D. E. WACHA.

THE death of Mr. T. F. Lloyd, at the Travellers' Bungalow, Ernakulam, is announced. He was a District Judge in Travancore for 15 years, retiring a few years ago on pension. The Cochin paper states that since his retirement he had enjoyed an extensive practice as a High Court Vakil.

In the *British Weekly* are some interesting letters to children by Robert Louis Stevenson, with introduction and notes by Lloyd Osbourne. The first three are to some little girls in a convalescent home in this country, of which a friend of Mr. Stevenson's had a share in the management. He writes about his island home in a very charming manner. Here is an extract:—The children play marbles all along the street; and though they are generally very jolly, yet they get awfully cross over their marbles, and cry and fight just as boys and girls do at home. Another amusement in country places is to shoot fish with a little bow and arrow. All round the beach there is bright shallow water, where the fishes can be seen darting or lying in shoals. The child trots round the shore, and whenever he sees a fish, lets fly an arrow, and misses, and then wades in after his arrow. It is great fun (I have tried it) for the child, and I never heard of it doing any harm to the fishes; so what could be more jolly?

INSTALLATION OF DURBAR SHRI BAWAVALA SAHEB OF VADIA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE ceremony of installing Shri Bawavala Saheb on the gadi of Vadia was performed on Thursday, the 12th inst., by Mr. L. P. Walsh, C. I. E., Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, in the presence of Mr. W. A. Waddington, vice-principal of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot, Miss Waddington, the Thakore Saheb of Lathi, H. H. the Raj Saheb of Wankaner, Kumars Shri Natvarsinghji, Bhabutsinghji and Doorgarsinghji of Dhrangadhra, Kumars Shri Narsinhsinhji and Digvijaisinghji of Rajpipla, Kumar Shri Vajubha of Lathi, Kumar Shri Muiu Vala of Jetpur, Mr. Sarabhai Mujganbhai Hathising of Ahmedabad, Kharbharees of several Kathiawar States, and many other leading residents of Gujerat and Kathiawar.

A Durbar hall had been specially erected for the occasion and was handsomely furnished and decorated. Mr. Walsh arrived punctually at the hall at 9 o'clock, and was greeted with the national anthem played by the Gondal State Band, kindly lent by H. H. Sir Bhagvatsinghji, K. C. I. E., Thakore Saheb of Gondal. Mr. Walsh took his seat on the dais on the right hand of the young Prince, and on his rising to open the business of the day was accorded great applause.

Mr. Walsh said:—Bawavala Saheb, Ladies and Gentlemen,—A most pleasing task devolves on me to-day, and I only wish that I possessed more experience of this kind of function; but I assure you that on the Somali Coast, from whence I have recently come here, our duties do not assume such pleasant aspects. I am desired by Colonel Hankock (the Political Agent for Kathiawar) to offer you, Bawavala Saheb, his congratulations on your accession to the gadi of Vadia. You have been a ward of the British Government for nearly fifteen years, and during that time your State has been managed by a number of persons, but that the management has been good is evidenced by the fact that, whereas when the British Government took charge of your State there was a debt of Rs. 60,000, there is now a sum of Rs. 1,70,000 in your treasury, and in addition to this a great deal of money has been expended in useful public works. You, Bawavala Saheb, have been singularly fortunate, for by the death of some relative your income has been more than doubled, and now exceeds Rs. 1,50,000. You have had the inestimable advantages of a good education, and on the completion of your collegiate life you went to England and the Continent having the great advantage of having Mr. Waddington for your guide, philosopher, and friend. That the visit to England has benefitted and will continue to benefit you no one can doubt. Let me, Bawavala Saheb, give you this advice, and that is: Manage your own State and affairs yourself, not nominally but actually. That you will make mistakes is quite possible, for we are all liable to do so, but only by your own experience will you know that at all events it is your own mistake, and that you are not merely endorsing the mistakes of others. For myself I will always be glad to give you advice and counsel, and I feel certain my brother officers will do likewise. It now only remains for me, Bawavala Saheb, in exercise of the power vested in me, to declare you formally installed on the gadi of Vadia.

The Native Secretary to the Political Agent then read in Gujerati the translation of Mr. Walsh's speech, and the whole assemblage rising, the national anthem was played.

The newly-installed Prince, then rising amid great applause, said: Mr. Walsh, Ladies and Gentlemen,—Words fail me when I rise to thank you for the kind trouble you have taken in coming here on the occasion of my installation on my ancestral gadi. I can assure you that to-day is one of great rejoicing to me, but at the same time one of much anxiety, full of the duties and responsibilities which devolve on me from this moment. I shall, I know full well, at first require guidance in piloting my little State barge safely, and I have, Mr. Walsh, listened to your speech with the closest attention. I thank you for your good advice, which I assure you I will be ever mindful of. Now, if I need advice at one time more than another, it is at the present juncture—a transition period in my life. I have now passed the first stage, the stage of pupilage, and, thanks to my guardian, the British Government, I have thoroughly enjoyed this period of my life, and I shall ever recall it to mind with feelings of extreme pleasure. I should be indeed ungrateful did I not acknowledge my deep obligation to my kind and admirable preceptor, Mr. MacNaghten (whose absence to-day I deplore), and also to Mr. Waddington, for the paternal care they have taken of me during my long residence at the Rajkumar College. I am also indebted to Mr. Waddington for his help and assistance during my recent visit to England and the Continent. I now step upon the second stage of my career—I mean the gadi—and, Yes, I am blessed to-day with a family of 12,000 souls. As head of this family it behoves me to look after the peace, happiness, and security of every member of it. By virtue of my position it is my duty to preserve order and harmony amongst the members, and to ever strive for the moral and material advancement of them all. This, Sir, is by no means an easy task for one who desires to perform it faithfully and conscientiously. I do not know how far I shall succeed,

"For 'tis not in mortals to command success,"

but I shall pray God to light my path and direct my efforts aright. I earnestly hope that the representatives of British Government will vouchsafe to me sound and practical advice whenever it will be my honoured privilege to seek it. My chief ambition is to deserve the genuine blessings of my people, and at the same time win the confidence of the Paramount Power. Once more I beg to tender my warmest thanks to you, Mr. Walsh, and through you to the Political Agent and to Government for placing me in sole charge of my State which I am happy to find in so flourishing a condition. I greatly deplore the absence of our popular Prant Officer, Captain Hyde-Cates, who has always been more than good to me and my State. I desire to thank Government for giving me the services of Mr. Dossabhoy Nusserwanji, whom I have appointed my Kharbhari, and on whose loyal assistance and co-operation I fully rely. It now only remains for me, Ladies and Gentlemen, to thank you for gracing this occasion with your presence.

At the conclusion of the speech a Gujerati translation was read by Mr. Dossabhoy Nusserwanji and then all the Princes and leading guests were presented to Mr. Walsh by the Durbar Saheb. Attar and pan were then given to Mr. Walsh, Mr. and Miss Waddington, and the leading guests. The newly installed Prince then received gifts, which were of great value and beauty, from many of those present, and from his brother Princes of Kathiawar.

The festivities continued all day and concluded at night with a magnificent display of fire-works, at which Mr. Walsh, Mr. and Miss Waddington, and many others were present.

All the arrangements for the installation ceremony, comfort of the guests, &c., were, entrusted to Mr. Dossabhoy Nusserwanji, and too much praise cannot be accorded to this gentleman for the way he discharged his duties.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It has been the practice for several years past to reduce the rates of the G. I. P. Railway tickets during Christmas, the concession being given to first and second class passengers only. Nowadays Christmas holidays have become the common holidays of the general public, as during these days one gets leave which may well be utilized in seeing friends and relatives. The company has with a generous view granted the concession of receiving only a fare and a-half for the double journey during a specified period. But he concession is applicable only to first and second-class passengers who really are not in so much need of it as the poor third-class passengers. It is not easily understood what justifies the present course. It is all over known that the Congress is to be held this year in Poona. Many poor persons are anxious to go to Poona during this season, though all cannot purchase Congress tickets. If a little concession be given still more persons may be going, and this is likely to recoup the loss. The concession may be given to the effect that return tickets for a fare and a-half for the double journey may be issued from Bombay to Poona and intermediate stations, and that they should be available at least for a week. The Railway Passengers' Association, Thana, has moved the authorities in this respect but the result is not yet definitely known. If the authorities will consider this request favourably many poor people will be benefitted thereby.—Yours, &c.,

Thana, Dec. 19. JUSTICE.

A SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I would suggest for the authorities concerned that the third-class compartments now reserved for "European and Eurasian only" (for 10 passengers), may hereafter be termed as "Intermediate Class," same as they have in the B, B, and C, I, Railway. The charges for the tickets in such compartments may be allowed to remain as they are at present, but instead of the use of that compartment exclusively by "European and Eurasian only," it may be allowed to be occupied by any passengers who shall pay the higher rate of fare. This suggestion if carried out will be a great boon to those who are unable to pay the second-class charges, particularly to the clerks, etc., who are allowed the third-class fares only as travelling charges, and thus save them from mixing with coolies and low caste passengers.—Yours, &c.,

BALCRUSHNA WASSUDEV VELKAR.

Dec. 19.

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MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

AT the meeting of the Committee, held yesterday, Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna presided; and the other members present were Messrs. T. W. Coffe, S. Baboch, R. H. Vincent, C.I.E., Fazalboy Visram, C.I.E., A. M. Dharamsi, K. M. Shroff, Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, and Dr. A. G. Viegas.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

Owing to the Christmas holidays, the day for the holding of the next meeting was, at the suggestion of the Chairman, fixed for Monday, the 23rd instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

FILTERS AT MALABAR HILL RESERVOIR.

The Committee gave further consideration to letter to the Secretary, dated 5th instant, from the Acting Commissioner, forwarding an estimate of the cost of certain alterations to filters at Malabar Hill Reservoir amounting to Rs. 14,400, and asking the Committee to recommend the Corporation to sanction the execution, of the work. The Commissioner's letter says:—

I have the honour to forward an estimate of the cost of structural alterations to Malabar Hill filters. The works proposed are—(I.) Construction of clear water and distributing channels. (2.) Providing a regulating and measuring weir for each filter. (3.) Providing charging, clearing, re-filtering and waste pipes. (4.) Providing air escapes from the drains of the filters. The Executive and Water Engineers agree that such arrangements are absolutely necessary for the proper working of the filters, and that they should be carried out as soon as practicable. The purpose of these alterations has been explained to the Corporation in papers previously printed, and as I believe there is unanimity as regards their necessity, I need not now go into details. II.—The estimated cost of the works is Rs. 14,400. The Corporation, in their Resolution No. 3,807 of the 15th of July last, having decided that it was undesirable to proceed with the pointing of the partition walls of the vaults under the filters, I propose to carry out the works now proposed from the funds thus set free. The estimated cost of the pointing was Rs. 20,746. This sum formed part of the loan of Rs. 75,000 sanctioned by the Corporation on the 6th February, 1893, under Resolution No. 11,759, for "further alterations and improvements, Malabar Hill Reservoir." I request the Standing Committee to recommend the Corporation to sanction the execution of the works accordingly. III.—It is not desirable to defer sanction to these works until after the Corporation have decided other matters connected with the Tulsi supply, such as the uncovering of the filters or their better ventilation, because, whatever decision be arrived at on these points, the works now proposed will still be necessary. Should the Corporation decide later on to construct the additional filters already recommended by the Standing Committee and the Special Water Committee, the estimated cost of those works will be reduced from Rs. 1,86,000 to about Rs. 1,72,000, the estimate of Rs. 1,86,000 having provided for the above alterations to the existing filters.

In a further letter the Commissioner asked for an additional grant of Rs. 5,040 for the purpose of constructing fourteen dormer windows. The Committee resolved to recommend the Corporation to sanction the work and vote the grant for Rs. 14,400 and the further grant for Rs. 5,040.

THE BHULESHWAR MARKET SCHOOL.

The Committee granted sanction to meet the proportionate cost of the Bhuleshwar Market School, Rs. 34,449, from the available balance of the allotment for the extension of the market provided in the 36 lakhs Sanitary Works loan.

OLD RACE COURSE SEWERAGE DISTRICT.

The Committee resolved to recommend the Corporation to sanction a grant of Rs. 40,815 for the estimated cost of carrying out the construction of pipe-sewers, man-holes, automatic flush tanks, and metal vent shafts in the gravitation portion of the old race course sewerage district.

After transacting some other business, the Committee adjourned till 2 p.m., on Monday, the 23rd instant.

ALLEGED MURDER IN DAYLIGHT.

MR. R. S. TIPNIS, Joint Sessions Judge of Bijapur, delivered judgment on Tuesday in the case in which Lakhangavda and Gurbashapa were charged with the murder of Bidrappa of Yargal. The Government Pleader conducted the prosecution, and Mr. K. Lalkaka, barrister-at-law, with Mr. P. A. Desai, High Court pleader, and C. A. Chhabe, pleader, defended the prisoners. On behalf of the prosecution it was alleged that the deceased was killed in his field at about 7 a. m. on a Thursday morning, under circumstances of great cruelty by means of a hatchet. The motives assigned were the improper intimacy between a widowed sister of deceased and the first prisoner, and a loan of Rs. 100 from the sister to her lover, which he did not like to repay. A witness, named Sangaia, professed to have seen the murder when he was only about fifteen feet from the scene. He added that the murderers enjoined him not to report what he had seen by threatening him, with an axe. Another witness, Bampa, alleged that he saw the first prisoner running away with a blood-stained hatchet in his hand through the field; but that he kept this information to himself till the Police Chief Constable questioned him about it, on Saturday, because the prisoner had begged him to keep it secret. Other witnesses said that the prisoners had told them their intention to kill the deceased; and some said that they confessed the murder to them after committing it. This was in preface to the confessions of murder which were recorded by the Second-class Magistrate. The medical evidence went to show that at the time of the *post mortem* examination the man must have been dead within forty-eight hours, and that the chief cause of death were compression of the throat and hemorrhage. The contused wounds on the neck might be produced by the end of a stick if made very pointed, or by one of the pointed corners of the hatchet in course of a small knife. In the report and *Panchnama* no hatchet was found with the corpse the police had mentioned that probably a small knife may have been used.

On behalf of the defence, it was urged that the eye-witnesses were unreliable, and that the motives alleged by the police were most improbable and insufficient. The real culprits had apparently succeeded in giving the go-bye to the police, and the wrong persons were before the court. The day, the time, and the manner of murder suggested by the prosecution were all very doubtful. The medical evidence and other circumstances pointed to Wednesday night as the most probable time of deceased's murder. The theory of the police as regards the manner of killing appeared to be most clumsy, and hardly supported by the medical evidence in the case. The police must have known that no jury in the country would believe their eye-witnesses, and that their only hope of securing a conviction hung on the tender thread of two confessions recorded by lamplight by the Second-class Magistrate of Muddebihal on Saturday night. These confessions were exceedingly inconsistent, and contradicting. The material parts of the evidence were absurd and false, and however detailed and long they might be, they appeared to be extorted by inducements, threats, and ill-treatment of the police. The prisoners gave an account of the ill-treatment they had received at the hands of the police on Saturday noon—before they were induced to make those confessions, and during the previous night.

The unanimous opinion of the assessors that the prisoners were not guilty, was recorded and accepted by the Joint Sessions Judge, who accordingly acquitted the prisoners.

WE stated not very long ago that M. Alexander Dumas had taken to the composition of aphorisms. Now that he has passed away we may again quote a few specimens:—"I find comfort at times in the observation that, although limits are set to genius there is no limit to stupidity." "Never argue. You will never convince anybody. Opinions are like nails: the harder you hammer at them the deeper you drive them in." "How does it happen that nearly all little children are so prudent, and nearly all great men are so stupid? I can only attribute it to education." "La Rochefoucald says that we have all of us strength enough to bear the misfortunes of others. He ought to have added that we also have strength enough to bear the good fortune of others."

CURIOUSLY worded advertisements, which are funny without intent, are (says a New York paper) more common in the London papers, it would seem, than they are in New York publications. An English periodical offered a prize the other day for the best collection of such announcements, and the following is the result:—"Annual sale now on. Don't go elsewhere to be cheated—come in here." "A lady wants to sell her piano, as she is going abroad in a strong iron frame." "Wanted, experienced nurse for a bottled baby." "Furnished apartments suitable for gentlemen with folding doors." "Wanted, a room by two gentlemen about thirty feet long and twenty feet broad." "Lost, a collie dog by a man on Saturday answering to Jim with a brass collar round his neck and a muzzle." "Wanted, by a respectable girl, her passage to New York, willing to take care of children and a good sailor." "Respectable widow wants washing for Tuesday." "For sale—a pianoforte, the property of a musician with carved legs."

COMPLIMENTARY ADDRESS TO THE HON. MR. MEHTA.

THE following are extracts from an address to be presented this afternoon to the Hon'ble Mr. Perozeshah M. Mehta, C.I.E., on behalf of the Delegates of the Eighth Bombay Provincial Conference assembled at Belgaum in May last:—

We, Delegates of the Eighth Bombay Provincial Conference assembled at Belgaum, beg to offer you a hearty welcome and tender to you our warmest thanks for your kind presence on that occasion. We are deeply sensible of the worry and inconvenience you have had in coming to this distant place at this time of the year. But great as may be your loss, our gain on the other hand is infinitely greater. Your presence has added prestige and honour to this Conference, your counsels have guided and strengthened our deliberations, and your example as well as your word of encouragement have inspired us with faith and confidence in the success of our cause. Your commanding personality, your brilliant intellect, your captivating eloquence, your far-reaching sympathies, and your unceasing devotion to the service of your country-men, have all contributed to give you a unique place among the public men of Western India, and we consider it a high and valued privilege to have the opportunity of welcoming you as a brother-delegate to this gathering of political workers of the entire Presidency. Glad as we are to greet you here as a fellow-worker, our joy is infinitely enhanced when we recollect that you have come fresh from fighting the battles of the country in the Councils of the Government. Permit us on this occasion, to humbly express to you our sincere admiration and esteem, delight and satisfaction, gratitude and thankfulness for your services through a long career of a quarter of a century, and notably during the last session of the Viceregal Council. It is hardly necessary for us to recount the numerous services you have rendered; how you have raised yourself in the public confidence and esteem step by step by honest, arduous, and meritorious work; how by your sterling qualities of head and heart you have made yourself indispensable in all public movements; and how at the present time, in the prime of manhood and fulness of honours, you stand almost alone as the trusted representative of the people. From the very outset of your public career, when you first appeared in the Framji Kavasji Hall, to speak on the subject of Municipal reform, you marked yourself out as a champion of popular rights of uncommon promise, and as a new political force of great power. Your paper at that early age showed a remarkable depth of learning, grasp of political principles, and a wide range of political foresight. You fought the prevalent idea of Government by boards and drew up a scheme of Municipal government the wisdom of which was verified by its bodily adoption by the Bombay Legislature. At that early age you sounded the clarion note of the elective principle, a note which has since resounded and reverberated throughout the country. From that time forward you were in the front rank of Bombay political workers. You were always to the post whenever any work calling for bold and fearless action was on hand. You have borne a leading and honourable part in the new political awakening which came into being since the glorious days of the Ripon regime, and which has founds its permanent expression in the Indian National Congress. Ever since the dawn of this period you have been a conspicuous and effective worker in the political regeneration of this country, and have achieved for yourself a position of unquestioned eminence as a leader of Indian political thought when at first great triumph of the National Congress, the reform of the Legislative Councils, was carried out, you chosen, with one accord, Bombay's representative in the Local as well as the Viceregal Councils. Your work in the Viceregal Council during the last session calls for special acknowledgement. It adds one more title to our admiration and gratitude for your fearless championship of the popular cause. You were always ready at your post to defend our interests and to represent to our rulers the popular view of the different measures before the Council. It is our earnest prayer that Providence may endow you with health and happiness and spare you for many a long year to serve your country with the same zeal, ability and disinterestedness of purpose which have characterized your career in the past. May Her Majesty bestow the choicest blessings of honour and reputation, and may the country long enjoy the inestimable privilege of your leadership.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office:—

Ayyar, Ramaswamy	Gaisell, Isaiah	Richmond, L S	
Abdul Kadir	Hargreaves, Miss	Reiter, Jacob	
Abdul Rahman	Hamilton, Rev	Robertson, F J	
Ahmed Mesal	Hopwood, Miss	Rogers, A S	
Haas, Salomon	Harrold, W	Reynolds, Miss	
Hasan, Mahomed	Hall, Miss	Rodrigues, Joseph	
Hall, Mrs	Hall, Joseph	Rebeiro, Joseph	
Hall, M	Hopkirk, W Chas	Rayan, Joseph	
Hall, P E	Hall, R	Rayan, Joseph	
Hall, R E A	Hall, W	Smith, M	
Hall, R	Hussey, Wm	Smith, Constantine	
Hall, R S	Jones, R Aylward	Sharp, Pte T	
Hall, A H	Jones, H	Stevenson, W H	
Hall, R S D	Jackson, Michael	Sheridan, J F, Mrs	
Hall,	Jennings, W H	Shaw, Lt J D	
Hall,	Jacobs, N a t h	Scott, Dr	
Cook, E J	Jacobs,	Stevens, R G H	
Cook, A W	Kotter, Herman	Saldanha, Wyatt Mrs	
Cardo,	Keith, Col J	Dsouza,	
Crawford, A F	Klayman, L	Desouza,	
Cahill, R J, Miss	Kaleppy, C	Desouza,	
Clayton, Hartley	Kaufman, H	Desouza,	
Dalla, A	Kleary, Miss L	Desouza,	
DeLalande, Miss	Kleary, Miss E	Desouza,	
Desouza, Manoel	Kleary, Mrs	Desouza,	
Desouza, C	Kandoo, Julius	Desouza, Lodiman	
Demarco,	Lees, Olga	Pte	
Dsouza,	Lemon L	Pte	
Dsouza, Bernard	Malleshwar, A	Prothero, Miss	
Dsouza,	Mc	Thackeray, Sabina	
Farrell, G w a l a	McKenzie,	Towsey,	
Fernandes,	Mc	Vagner,	
Fraser, Peter	Mc	Wood, Miss	
Fortes, Major	Mc	Wood, H F, Mrs	
Gott, Sydney	Pereira, J E, Mrs	Watson & Co	
Gott, Andrew Th	Pais, Morgansy	Wolff, Pte	
Gomes, A	Perry, Giuseppe	Wardell, Otto	
Gover, John	Pte	Walker, D F	
Graham, J R	Pearl, T W		

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

DISCONNECTED.

Bombay Reports.—Via Calcutta, perfect. Via Tehran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Odessa, perfect. Via Indo-European, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Cadiz, Tenerife, perfect. Via Cadiz, perfect. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy, interrupted. Via Amoy,

PURELY PERSONAL.

THE King of Portugal has presented Mr Deuchars, Passenger Superintendent of the North British Railway Co., with a gold scarf-pin set with diamonds in acknowledgment of the special arrangements made for his comfort and convenience while travelling on the North British Railway during his recent visit to Scotland.

It is stated that arrangements have been made for the two eldest sons of the German Emperor to take up their residence next spring near Plon, about twenty-five miles south-east of Kiel. Plon has been selected, on account of its healthy climate and excellent position, as a suitable place for the Princes to continue their studies.

The late Rev. Peter Mackenzie was a man whose life and eccentric humours would furnish a story for every day. One anecdote relates to the day of his trial sermon, when three men who came to fetch him to chapel found him engaged in prayer. They waited patiently until Mr Mackenzie got up from his knees, and rubbing his hand across his tear-stained face exclaimed, "Peter, three men await thee; go with them, fearing nothing."

A story is told of the Rev. James Rennie, who is Moderator-presumptive of the U. P. Church Synod. The treasurer wrote to Mr Rennie that if he called at the office he would receive a cheque for his quarter's "salary," as usual. The Rev. gentleman wrote a note of thanks, in the course of which he mentioned that the etiquette of the Church prescribed that the word "stipend" should be used instead of salary, to which the treasurer retorted that in the etiquette of business circles salary was called "screw," and he had tried to hit a happy and intelligible mean.

It now appears that it was Professor George Lawson who died recently in Canada, not Professor George Dawson, as originally announced. The confusion, we suspect, was due to a blunder in telegraphy, the omission of a dot sufficing to convert "l" into "d." Professor Lawson was until lately Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy at Halifax, Nova Scotia. He had been President of the Royal Society of Canada; and much of the success which has attended fruit-growing in Canada is attributed to his exertions. A Canadian by adoption, Professor Lawson was a native of Dundee.

The following story is told of the German Emperor's recent shooting party at Letzlingen:—After luncheon, when the party was walking in the courtyard, his Majesty suddenly said to a gendarme stationed there, "What are you looking at me so hard for? You seem to think I have no shooting licence with me. Here it is," and presented to the man his licence made out in his name. "William the Second, German Emperor. Paid, fifteen marks." "But now, my dear fellow," the Emperor proceeded to say, "you must, see whether the other gentlemen have their licences with them." The consequence was that several members of the party had their names put down for a fine.

Charles Lamb's story of the introduction of roast pig into China has been almost paralleled in Cape Town. The Hebrew congregation of that city gave a ball a short time ago, and at this function a dish of ham sandwiches was provided, and was partly consumed before any Hebrew present realised that the innocent-looking little slabs were not "Kosher." Like the horror-stricken Chinaman of Lamb's amusing tale, the guests were filled with remorse, but—tell it not in Judea!—they liked the forbidden diet all the same, and are said to have looked with longing eyes on the dish when it was seized and hurried away. But a local Jewish journal treats the incident very gravely, as a sign of Hebrew "degeneration" and of laxity towards the precepts of the law.

It is an interesting fact that the Czarina insists, contrary to all traditions and custom, upon nourishing her infant daughter herself. A large number of Russian peasant women were gathered from various parts of Russia in order that a suitable wet nurse might be selected for the Imperial Grand Duchess. None of them was to be the mother of fewer than two or of more than four children, and those of dark complexion were to be preferred. Her Imperial Majesty, however, as the latest official bulletin announces, has taken this important maternal duty [illegible]

NOTICES.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

RESTORES COLOR —AND— PROMOTES Abundant Growth OF THE HAIR.

It cures itching humors, and keeps the scalp cool, moist, healthy, and free from dandruff.

A lady writes: "I feel compelled to state, for the benefit of others, that six years ago I lost nearly half of my hair, and what was left turned gray. After using Ayer's Hair Vigor several months, my hair began to grow again, and with the natural color restored."

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

☞ Beware of cheap imitations. The name —Ayer—is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each of our bottles.

General Agents H. E. BODE & SONS, Elphinstone Circle Bombay.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

ELLIMAN'S Royal EMBROCATION

"very efficacious for Horses in my Regt."
LIEUT.-COL. HENNINGHAM
2nd Dragoon Regt.
ELLIMAN'S Royal EMBROCATION
1/2 2/3 4/6
Prepared only by ELLIMAN SONS & CO. SLOUGH ENGLAND.
ELLIMAN'S in GERMANY.

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.

HADDINGTON,
Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION 1/½

KNITTING, EMBROIDERY, FANCY WOOLS AND SILKS.

PETER MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL

Tender Feet. Cundy's Fluid.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

Refuse imitations which are always inferior in Composition and Strength.

The Genuine Bottle is like this ☞

Insist on "CONDY'S FLUID."

ENGLAND'S WROUGHT IRON HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain them through all the Merchants

Insectibles Grit—

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

Agents: GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co., and Messrs. BISSONAUTH LAW & Co., Calcutta.

S. & H. HARRIS.

HARRIS'S Harness Composition

Apply a very small quantity of the Composition to the Harness with a sponge or rag, rub well in, and polish with a soft cloth until a brilliant lustre is produced. Keep the Box covered.

HARRIS'S BRITISH Polishing Paste.

WATERPROOF.

In Constant Use for 50 Years throughout the United Kingdom.
Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers, and Storekeepers.
MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

BENGER'S FOOD

For Infants & Invalids & The Aged

MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE, AND DIGESTIBLE.

Sold by all leading Chemists, &c., Everywhere.

Agents—TREACHER & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA; KEMP & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY; PHILLIPS & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY and POONA.

ACTON & BORMAN'S SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,

IN 3d. PACKETS AND 6d. 1s. & 2s. 6d. TINS EVERYWHERE!

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

PACKETS 1d. & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED.

ALSO

NE EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS

OYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLACK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &C.

SHOE LANE, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1781

ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANCY & CHILDHOOD

Neave's Food

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

...n see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

...To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

The Company's NEW COOKERY BOOK sent free on application to LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Ltd., 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

...kery Books may also be had gratis on application at the office of this paper.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY.

FREEMAN'S

TRADE MARK. REJECT SUBSTITUTES

Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas and Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.

CHLORODYNE

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA, AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, DENGUE FEVER.

BILE-LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY BILE.

When the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overstate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY INCREASED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease.—"I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my blood in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE. "April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for upwards of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of your "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the int se thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life.

I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

Collects the 'FUR' In KETTLES, KITCHEN BOILERS, AND PIPES.

BEFORE USE

ONE OF MANY TESTIMONIALS.

Messrs. Neville, Reid and Co., Brewers to the Queen, Windsor, write: "The 'Octopus' supplied have, in every case, been of great benefit, and given much satisfaction."

Placed in a Kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the "Octopus" week by week until at the end of, say twenty months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

AFTER USE

Prevents Boiler Leakage.

EACH.
Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
Medium Boiler Size ... 7/6

MADE IN SPECIAL SIZES FOR FACTORY BOILERS.

Carriage Paid from London on all Orders of One Dozen at retail prices.

Purifies and Softens the Water. *Sold all over the World.*

Agents in Calcutta, WHEATLEY THOMAS & Co., 73, New China Bazaar.
Sold by the ARMY AND NAVY STORES at Bombay and Karachi.
Special Wholesale Agents, W. E. FORDHAM & SONS, Ltd., 36-40, York Rd., King's Cross, London, N.
Patentees and Sole Manufacturers,
LANGSTAFFE, BANKS & PECKOVER, 66, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

MESSRS. TREACHER & CO., BOMBAY.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS

"The WAVERLEY PEN is a Treasure."—*Standard.*

"The OWL PEN *par excellence* the Ladies' Pen."—*Court Journal.*

"The PICKWICK PEN embodies an improvement of great value."—*Engineer.*

Sold by all Stationers.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C., 27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 3) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 8317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 12637, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,
(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment in each box with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold ... Bottles ... AND 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

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NOTICES.

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OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

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A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is easily assimilated when no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach, it is indicated in constitutional weakness and lack of digestive power, for the **Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic,** and **Convalescent.**

It helps sufferers from **Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers,** and **Ulceration,** of the **Stomach.**

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Is superior to Emulsions or Oil, it cures Incipient Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis and Scrofula.

Each tiny Morrhuol capsule is extracted from a teaspoonful of cod liver oil.

Recommended at the Paris Academy of Medicine, for loss of appetite and flesh, to patients with consumptive tendencies.

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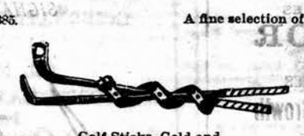

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Diamonds, Rubies, and Emeralds, Rs. 130.

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AGED HUNTLY BLEND MILD SCOTCH WHISKY PURE GOOD.

IN BLACK DUMP BOTTLES.

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CLUB BLEND OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

IN WHITE SQUARE BOTTLES.

These Whiskies can be recommended as being exceedingly mild and perfectly pure.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL WINE MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

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REYNOLDS' GOUT SPECIFIC is acknowledged throughout the whole world to be the most certain remedy for Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, and Sciatica. A single dose affording relief within a few hours. Highly recommended by Doctors and others. Dr. Reynolds (for many years one of the leading Physicians in Paris) writes:—I have prescribed REYNOLDS' GOUT SPECIFIC in all cases of Rheumatic affections and found it an infallible remedy. I have always had much pleasure in recommending it, and consider it a safe and invaluable medicine.

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Sole Agents for India:—TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

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THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

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FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. **WHISKY.**

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

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THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE.

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Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience.

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CARNRICK'S LIQUID PEPTONOIDS contains both the stimulating and nutritious properties of beef perfectly digested, in the form of an extremely palatable cordial. It is largely prescribed by the Medical Profession for General and Nervous Debility, Indigestion, and Anæmia, Loss of Appetite, and in Convalescence generally. Whenever the system requires tone and strengthening, Carnrick's Liquid Peptonoids will render excellent help, as it restores power, improves Nutrition, and stimulates the digestive functions.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."

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